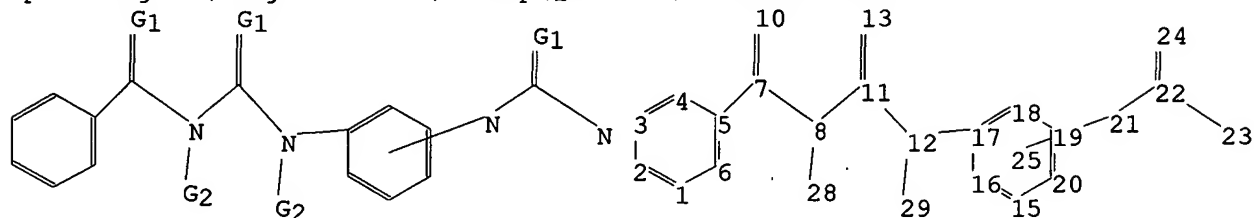


***** Welcome to STN International *****
 ***** STN Columbus *****

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 06:52:58 ON 08 FEB 2006

=> file reg

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\amended616959.str



chain nodes :

7 8 10 11 12 13 21 22 24 28 29

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 15 16 17 18 19 20

ring/chain nodes :

23

chain bonds :

5-7 7-8 7-10 8-11 8-28 11-12 11-13 12-17 12-29 21-22 22-23 22-24

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 15-16 15-20 16-17 17-18 18-19 19-20

exact/norm bonds :

7-8 7-10 8-11 8-28 11-12 11-13 12-17 12-29 21-22 22-23 22-24

exact bonds :

5-7

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 15-16 15-20 16-17 17-18 18-19 19-20

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 : 15 :

G1:O,S

G2:Ar,H

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 10:CLASS

11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom

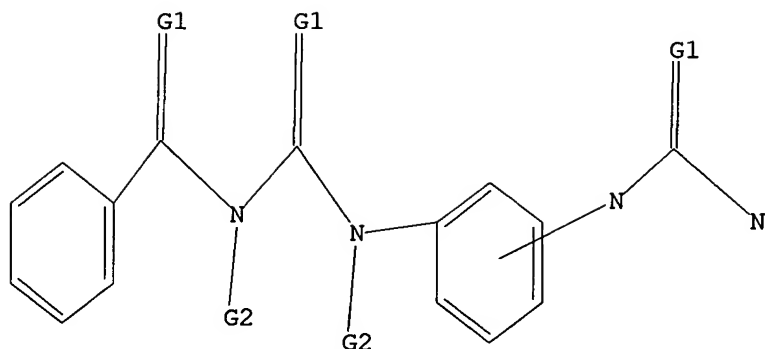
21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> dis l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 O,S

G2 Ak,H

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sam

L2 19 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

L3 358 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

=> s l3

L4 26 L3

=> s l4 and pd<july 2002

22609388 PD<JULY 2002

(PD<20020700)

L5 22 L4 AND PD<JULY 2002

=> dis l5 1-22 bib abs hitstr

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2002:506002 CAPLUS

DN 137:370017

TI A facile synthesis of p-Bis(4-thiazolidinon-3-yl)phenylenes and related systems

AU Abdel-Megid, M.; Awas, M. A. A.

CS Chemistry Department, Faculty of Education, Ain-Shams University, Cairo, Egypt

SO Heterocyclic Communications (2002), 8(2), 161-168

CODEN: HCOMEX; ISSN: 0793-0283

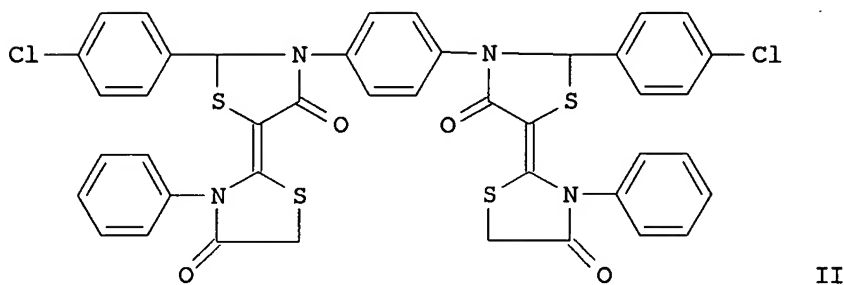
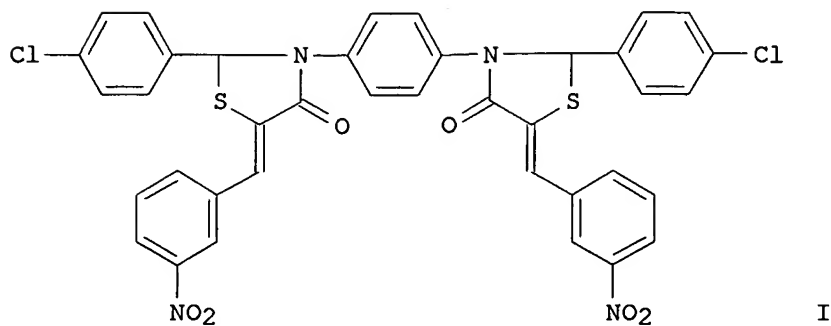
PB Freund Publishing House Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 137:370017

GI



AB P-Bis(4-thiazolidinon-3-yl)phenylenes, e.g., I and II, were synthesized by cycloaddn. of thioglycolic acid with Schiff bases of p-phenylenediamine or by treatment of p-bis(thioureido)phenylenes with Et chloroacetate. Reactions of hydrazines, hydroxylamine, acetamidine and N-phenylthiourea with I and II were reported. Some of the new compds. were tested for their effect on cellobiase, produced by thermophilic fungi.

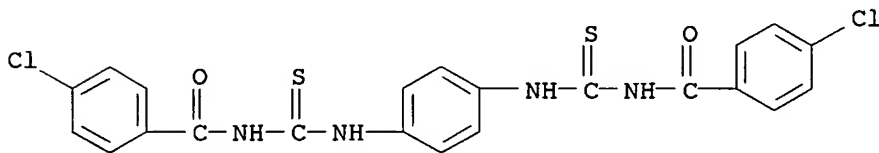
IT **493026-96-3P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of p-bis(4-thiazolidinon-3-yl)phenylenes and related systems and their effect on fungal cellobiase)

RN 493026-96-3 CAPLUS

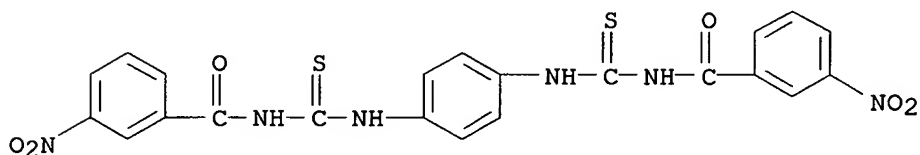
CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



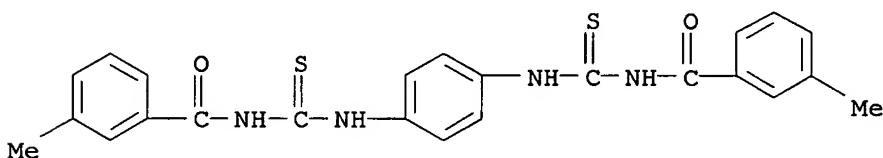
RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN 2002:437635 CAPLUS
DN 138:137007

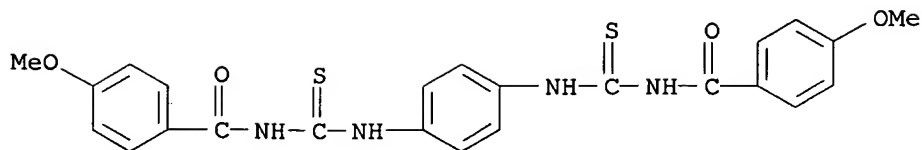
TI Phase transfer catalytic synthesis of phenylene-1,4-bis-
 aroyl(aryloxyacetyl)thiourea derivatives
 AU Deng, Hong-tao; Ye, Wen-fa; Wang, Yan-gang
 CS Department of Chemistry, Central China Normal University, Wuhan, 430079,
 Peop. Rep. China
 SO Huazhong Shifan Daxue Xuebao Ziranxueban (2002), 36(1), 58-60
 CODEN: HDZKEL; ISSN: 1000-1190
 PB Huazhong Shifan Daxue Xuebao Bianjibu
 DT Journal
 LA Chinese
 OS CASREACT 138:137007
 AB Using p-phenylenediamine and aromatic acid or aryloxyacetic acid as raw
 materials, PEG-600 as catalyst, ten new phenylene-1,4-bis-
 aroyl(aryloxyacetyl)thiourea derivs. have been synthesized by solid-liquid
 phase transfer catalysis. Title compds. showed plant growth regulator
 activities.
 IT 331862-02-3P 493026-92-9P 493026-94-1P
 493026-96-3P 493026-98-5P 493027-01-3P
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (phase transfer catalytic synthesis of phenylene-1,4-bis-
 aroyl(aryloxyacetyl)thiourea derivs.)
 RN 331862-02-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-nitro- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



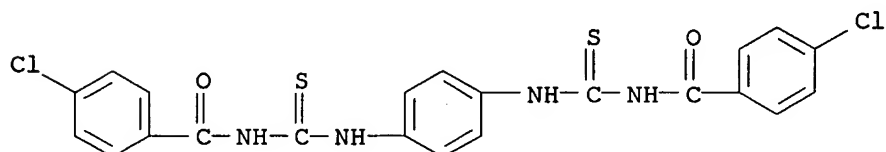
RN 493026-92-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-methyl- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



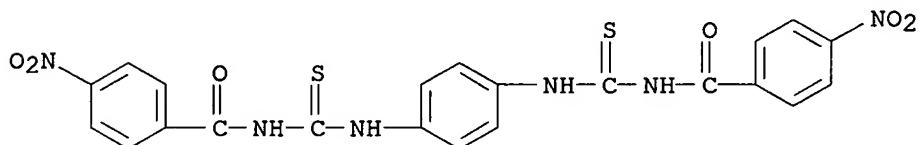
RN 493026-94-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-methoxy- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



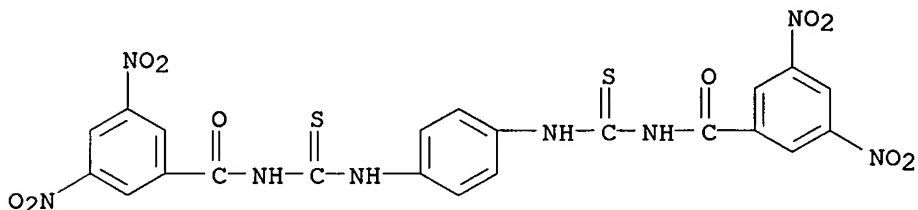
RN 493026-96-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-chloro- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 493026-98-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-nitro- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 493027-01-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,5-dinitro- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2001:76696 CAPLUS

DN 134:266079

TI Phase transfer catalyzed synthesis of arene-bis-aroyl thiourea derivatives

AU Zhang, You-Ming; Wei, Tai-Bao; Gao, Li-Ming

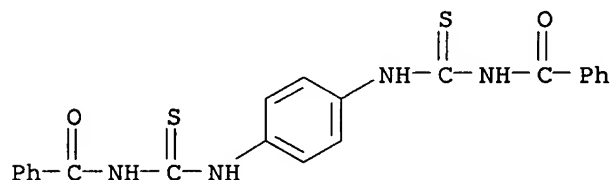
CS Department of Chemistry, Northwest Normal University, Lanzhou, 730 070,
Peop. Rep. ChinaSO Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including
Medicinal Chemistry (2000), 39B(9), 700-702

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

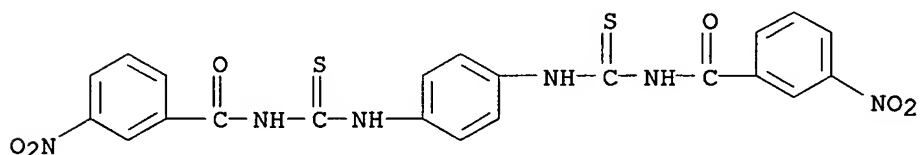
PB National Institute of Science Communication, CSIR
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 134:266079
 AB Reaction of 4.5 mmol arene diamines [1,2- and 1,4-(H₂N)₂C₆H₄, 4-H₂NC₆H₄C₆H₄NH₂-4, 4-H₂N-3-MeC₆H₄C₆H₄Me-3-NH₂-4] with 10 mmol aroyl chloride RCOCl (R = Ph, m-O₂NC₆H₄, 2-furyl) and 15 mmol ammonium thiocyanate in 25 mL CH₂Cl₂ under the conditions of solid-liquid phase transfer catalysis using 3% (with respect to NH₄SCN) polyethylene-glycol-600 (PEG-600) as the catalyst furnishes 12 arene-bis-aroyl thioureas in good to excellent (86-98%) yields. E.g., reaction of BzCl with 1,4-(H₂N)₂C₆H₄ and NH₄SCN in CH₂Cl₂ containing PEG-600 gave 98% p-BzNHC(S)NHC₆H₄NHC(S)NHBz. The products were characterized by anal. and spectral (IR and ¹H NMR) data.

IT **70110-39-3P 331862-02-3P**
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (phase-transfer carbamoylation of in-situ formed aroyl isothiocyanates with arene diamines)

RN 70110-39-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 331862-02-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



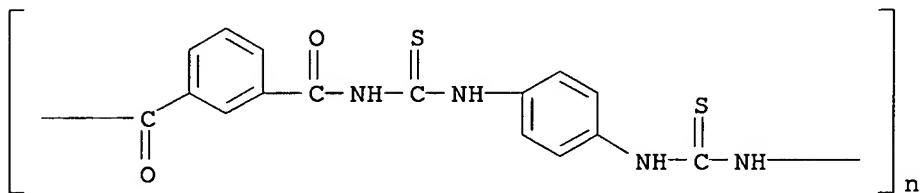
RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1998:104912 CAPLUS
 DN 128:154466
 TI Synthesis, characterization and electrical conductivity of polyesters, polyamides and doped polymers
 AU Bhatt, Vasishta D.; Ray, Arabinda
 CS Department of Chemistry, S.P. University, Vallabh Vidyanagar, 388120, India
 SO Synthetic Metals (1998), 92(2), 115-120
 CODEN: SYMEDZ; ISSN: 0379-6779
 PB Elsevier Science S.A.

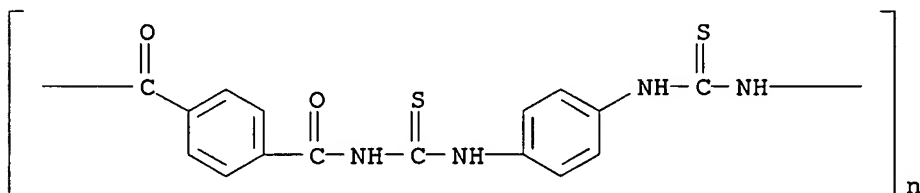
DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Polyamides and polyesters containing azomethyne linkages were prepared by condensation from thioamide monomers and acid chlorides and from Schiff's bases and terephthalic acid chloride and isophthalic acid chloride, resp. The elec. conductivity of the resulting conducting polymers was studied using simple PPP [PPP] calcns. and exptl. measurements. The UV spectra of monomers and polymers indicate $\pi - \pi^*$ transitions, however, no correlation could be obtained of this transition and conductivity. A reasonably good correlations was obtained between the conductivity of the polymers and the frontier electron d. at the C* atom, from the LUMO [LUMO] and the next higher unoccupied orbital of the repeating unit. Upon doping with Ag, the elec. conductivity all polymers increased significantly, which is attributed to contributions of all unoccupied orbitals of adjacent repeating units to the C* atom.

IT **70113-14-3P 202803-51-8P**
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and electronic structure and elec. conductivity of undoped and silver-doped azomethyne group-containing polyester and thio group containing polyamide conducting polymers)

RN 70113-14-3 CAPLUS
 CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 202803-51-8 CAPLUS
 CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1995:526587 CAPLUS
 DN 122:267065
 TI Compounds containing two thiourea groups and their use in near-infrared absorbers and heat-blocking materials
 IN Hayasaka, Hideki; Takano, Toshiyuki; Satake, Toshimi
 PA Nippon Paper Industries Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 611754	A1	19940824	EP 1994-301189	19940218 <--
	EP 611754	B1	19980422		
	R: DE, FR, IT				
	JP 06299139	A2	19941025	JP 1993-199664	19930811 <--
	JP 3603315	B2	20041222		
	AU 9455219	A1	19940825	AU 1994-55219	19940218 <--
	AU 683031	B2	19971030		
	US 5723075	A	19980303	US 1996-634126	19960419 <--
PRAI	JP 1993-30954	A	19930219		
	JP 1993-199664	A	19930811		
	US 1994-197948	B1	19940217		

OS MARPAT 122:267065

AB Thiourea derivs. RNHCSNHZ1AZ2NHCSNHR and RNHCSNHZ3NHCSNHR (R = alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, acyl, alkenyl, alkoxy carbonyl, etc.; A = CH₂, CH₂CH₂, S, O, CONH, NH, etc.; Z1-2 = 1,4-phenylene optionally substituted by alkyl, nitro, cyano, and/or halo groups; Z3 = arylene or substituted arylene) having high decomposition temps. are prepared and used with Cu compds. in resin moldings which absorb near-IR radiation. Reacting PhCH₂NCS with bis(4-aminophenyl)methane gave (PhCH₂NHCSNH-p-C₆H₄)₂CH₂ (decomposition temperature

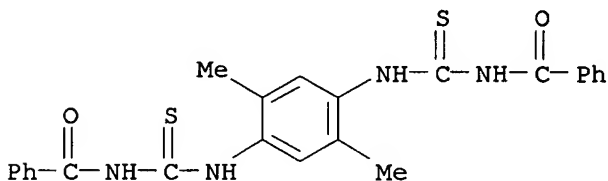
210.5°) which was mixed with CU stearate and polystyrene at 190° and extruded to give a near-IR absorber.

IT **162781-28-4P**

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation and use as heat-resistant near-IR absorbers)

RN 162781-28-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[(2,5-dimethyl-4,1-phenylene)bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 6 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1990:244915 CAPLUS

DN 112:244915

TI Complexes of copper(II) with some new thiocarbamide derivatives

AU Abu El-Reash, Gaber M.; Taha, Fatma I.; Badr, Gamila

CS Fac. Sci., Mansoura Univ., Mansoura, Egypt

SO Transition Metal Chemistry (Dordrecht, Netherlands) (1990),
15(2), 116-19

CODEN: TMCHDN; ISSN: 0340-4285

DT Journal

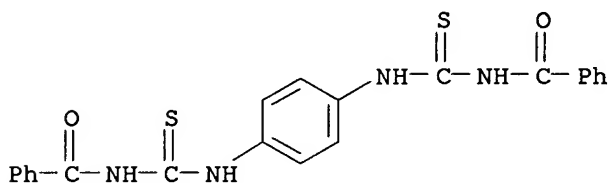
LA English

AB A new series of thiocarbamides was prepared by the reaction of benzoylisothiocyanate with 2-aminopyridine, 3-aminopyridine, 2,3-diaminopyridine, 2,6-diaminopyridine, o-phenylenediamine, p-phenylenediamine, and ethylenediamine. The Cu(II) complexes of these ligands were isolated and characterized by elemental analyses, molar conductivities, magnetic moments and spectral (visible, IR) measurements. IR spectra show that the ligands behave as dianionic or neutral tetradentates or as monoanionic, or neutral bidentates. $[Cu(HL)Cl]_2$ ($H_2L = RNHCSNHBz$ ($R = 2\text{-pyridyl}$)) and $Cu(H_2L)Cl_2$ ($H_2L = R_1(NHCSNHBz)_2$ ($R_1 = 2,6\text{-pyridinediyl}$)) are diamagnetic and the other complexes have normal magnetic moment at room temperature. Electronic spectral analyses show that $Cu_2(L_1)(OAc)_2$ is planar and the other complexes are tetragonally distorted octahedral. All the complexes are nonelectrolytes.

IT **70110-39-3P**
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and IR spectrum of)

RN 70110-39-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 7 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1989:553377 CAPLUS

DN 111:153377

TI Benzoylurea derivatives as insecticides and acaricides and their preparation

IN Kariya, Akinori; Nanjo, Katsumi; Katsurayama, Takayoshi

PA Agro-Kanesho Co., Ltd., Japan

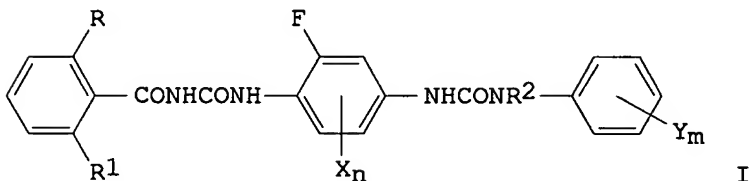
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 01034953	A2	19890206	JP 1987-190899	19870730 <--
PRAI	JP 1987-190899		19870730		
OS	MARPAT 111:153377				
GI					



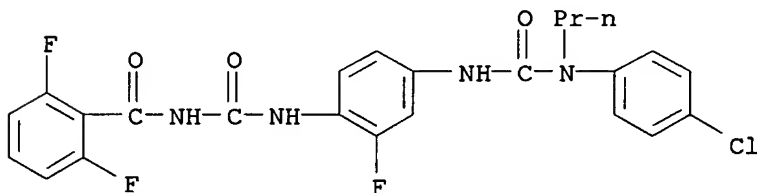
AB The title compds. I (R = halo; R1 = halo, H; X = H, halo, lower alkyl; n = 0, 1; R2 = lower alkyl, alkenyl; Y = H, halo, lower alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; m = 0-3), useful as insecticides and acaricides, were prepared. A mixture of N-(3-fluoro-4-aminophenyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-propylurea and 2,6-difluorobenzoyl isocyanate in ether was stirred at room temperature for 30 min to give I (R = R1 = F, Xn = H, R2 = Pr, Ym = 4-Cl) (II). At 500 ppm, II gave complete control of *Plutella xylostella* larvae. A wettable powder containing II 40, SiO2 2, clay 53, Na alkylbenzenesulfonate 2, and naphthalenesulfonic acid formalin condensation product 3 parts was prepared.

IT 122815-63-8P 122815-64-9P 122815-65-0P
 122815-66-1P 122815-67-2P 122815-68-3P
 122815-69-4P 122815-70-7P 122815-71-8P
 122815-72-9P 122815-73-0P 122815-74-1P
 122815-75-2P 122815-76-3P 122815-77-4P
 122815-78-5P 122815-79-6P 122815-80-9P
 122815-81-0P 122815-82-1P 122815-83-2P
 122815-84-3P 122815-85-4P 122815-86-5P
 122815-87-6P 122815-88-7P 122815-89-8P
 122829-04-3P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as insecticide and acaricide)

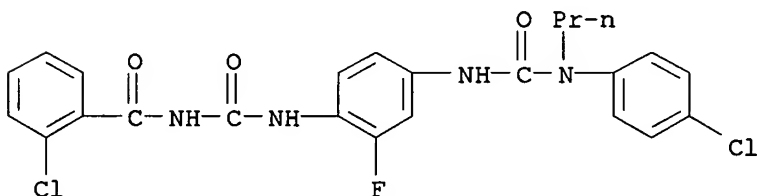
RN 122815-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



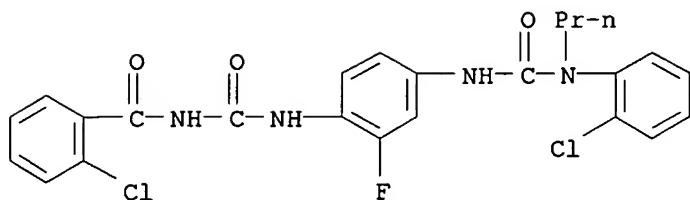
RN 122815-64-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



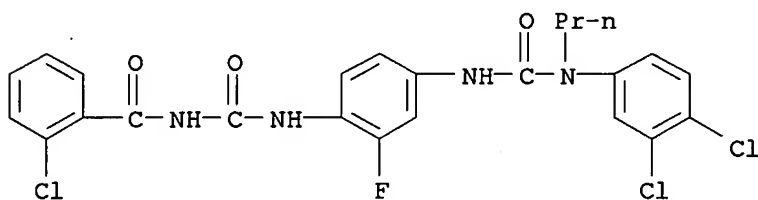
RN 122815-65-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(2-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



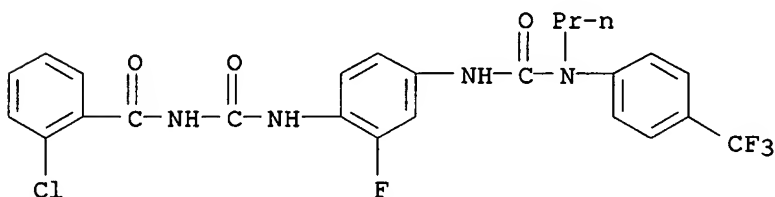
RN 122815-66-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



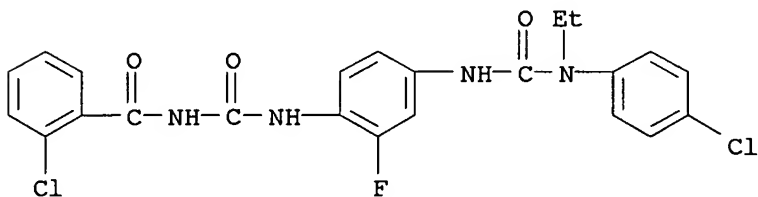
RN 122815-67-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2-fluoro-4-[[[propyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



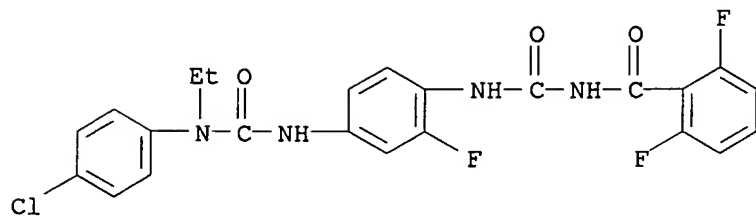
RN 122815-68-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



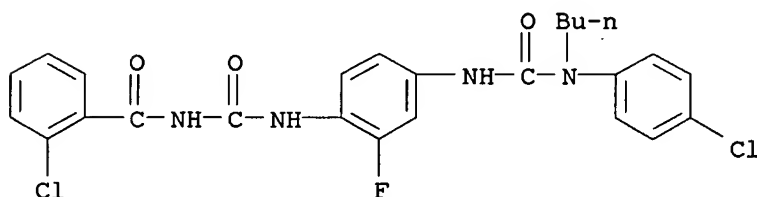
RN 122815-69-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,6-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



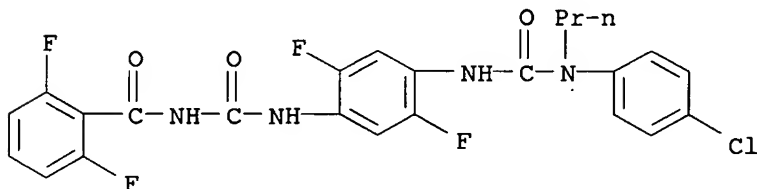
RN 122815-70-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



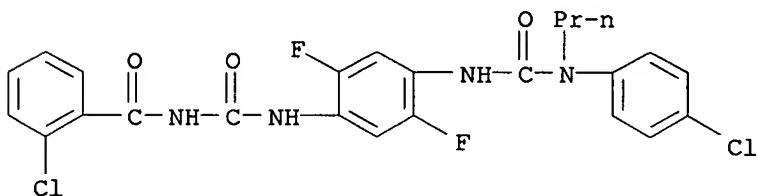
RN 122815-71-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



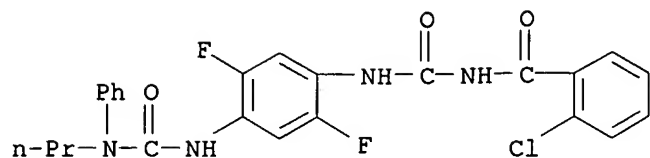
RN 122815-72-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



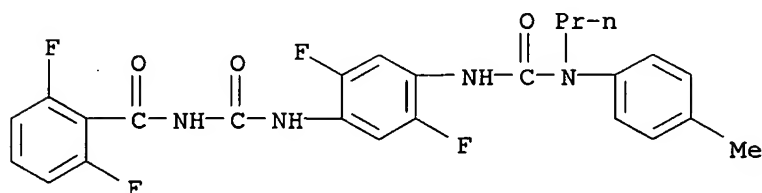
RN 122815-73-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(phenylpropylamino)carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



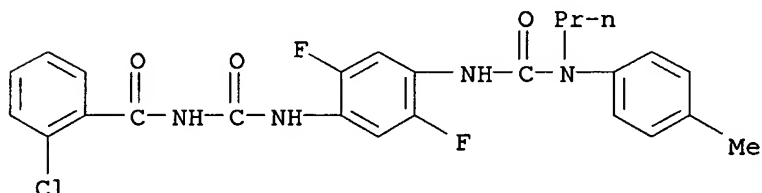
RN 122815-74-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methylphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



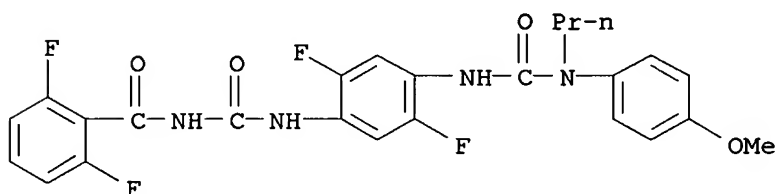
RN 122815-75-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methylphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



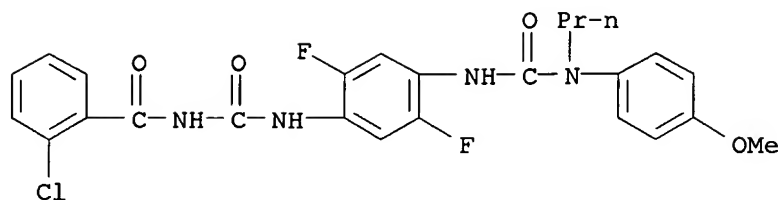
RN 122815-76-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



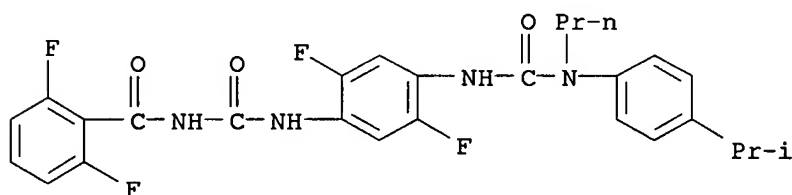
RN 122815-77-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



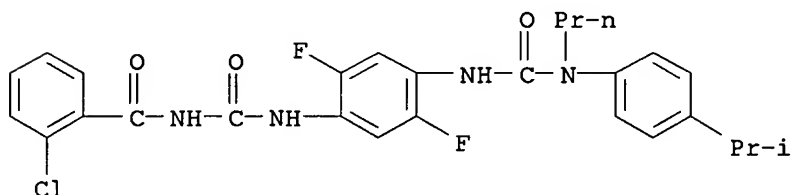
RN 122815-78-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



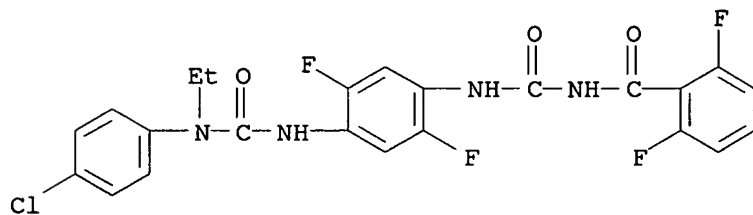
RN 122815-79-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



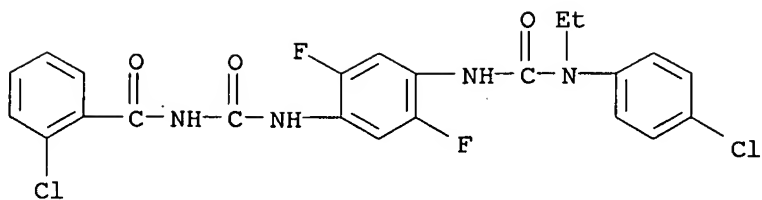
RN 122815-80-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[4-(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



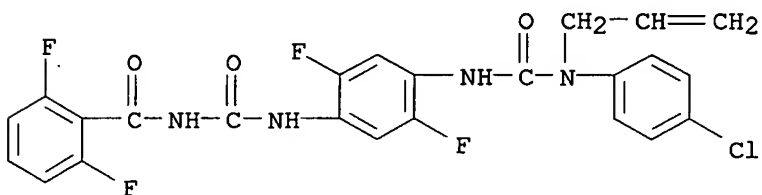
RN 122815-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[4-(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



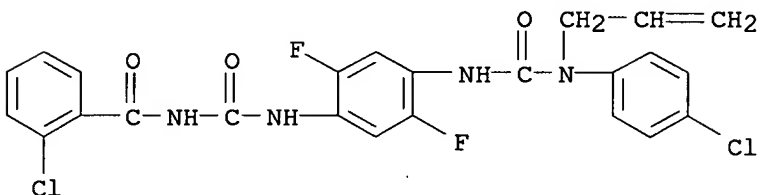
RN 122815-82-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



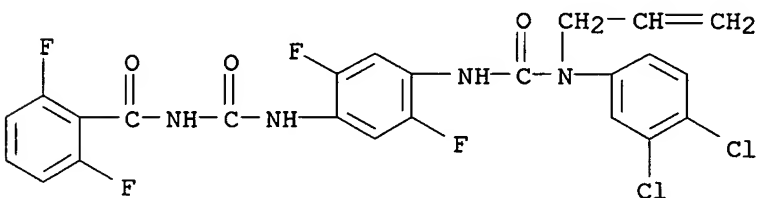
RN 122815-83-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



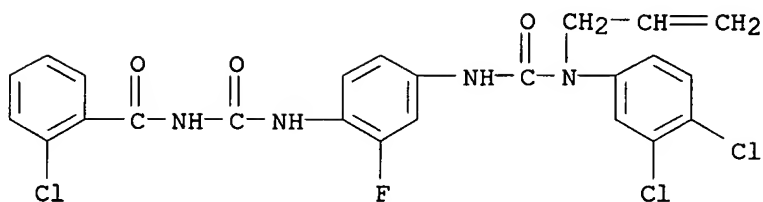
RN 122815-84-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



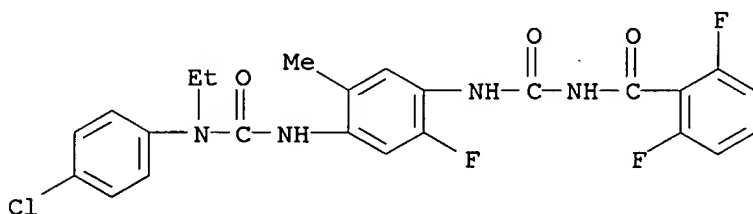
RN 122815-85-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



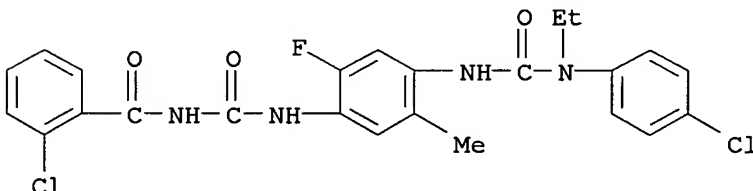
RN 122815-86-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



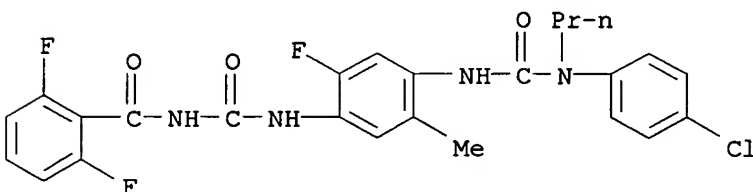
RN 122815-87-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



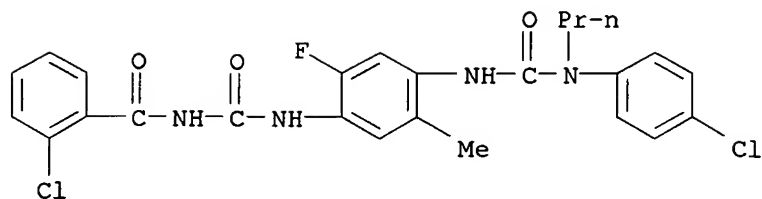
RN 122815-88-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



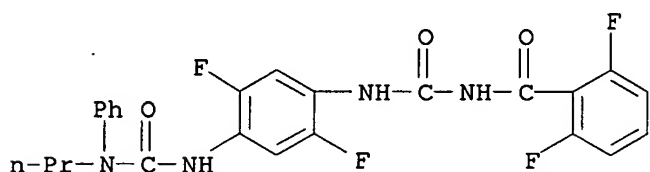
RN 122815-89-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 122829-04-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(phenylpropylamino)carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 8 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1988:160301 CAPLUS

DN 108:160301

TI Studies on the transition metal thiocyanate complexes with thioureas containing sulfur-sulfur and oxygen-sulfur-sulfur-oxygen donor sequences

AU Tembe, G. L.; Murty, A. S. R.

CS Dep. Chem., Karnatak Univ., Dharwad, 580 003, India

SO Current Science (1987), 56(24), 1277-9

CODEN: CUSCAM; ISSN: 0011-3891

DT Journal

LA English

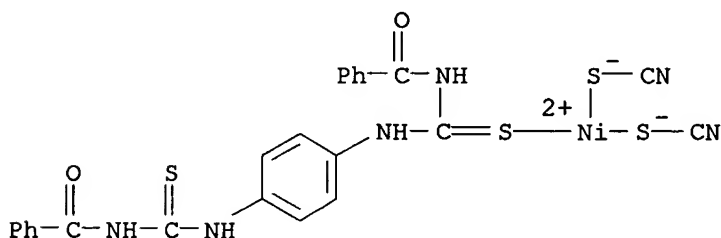
AB ML(SCN)₂ [M = Co, Ni, L = BzNHC(S)NH(CH₂)₂NHC(S)NHBz, o-C₆H₄(NHC(S)NHBz)₂; m = Ni, L = o- and p-C₆H₄(NHC(S)NHBz)₂] were prepared. The complexes were characterized by molar conductivity and magnetic moment data, IR and electronic spectra and thermal anal. The ligands coordinate through the S atoms. Ligand field parameters were calculated. The Ni complexes are octahedral and the Co complexes are 4 coordinate.

IT 113804-07-2P

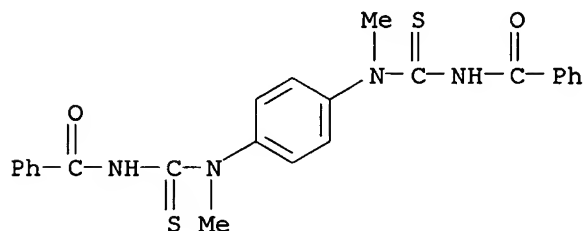
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and ligand field parameters of)

RN 113804-07-2 CAPLUS

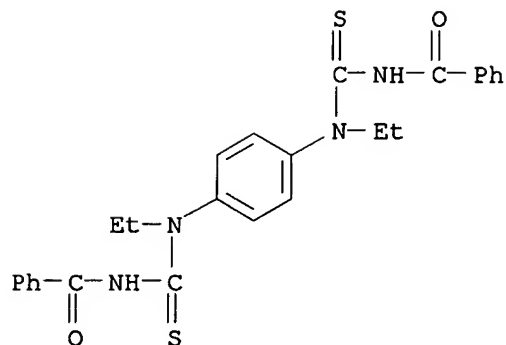
CN Nickel, [N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[benzamide]-S]bis(thiocyanato-S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 9 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1987:42838 CAPLUS
 DN 106:42838
 TI Binucleating bis-N-acylthioureas - ligands in trimetallamacrocycles and polynuclear metal chelates
 AU Koehler, R.; Kirmse, R.; Richter, R.; Sieler, J.; Hoyer, E.; Beyer, L.
 CS Sekt. Chem., Karl-Marx-Univ., Leipzig, Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1986), 537, 133-44
 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313
 DT Journal
 LA German
 AB By sym. linking of 2 bidentate N-acylthioureas 2 types of quadridentate bis-N-acylthioureas are available which act, after di-deprotonation as bis-bidentate S, O ligands towards polyvalent metal ions. They can form oligomeric or polymeric, cyclic or chain chelates. With 1,1,1',1'-tetraalkyl-3,3'-terephthaloylbisthioureas (H₂L) oligomeric triangulo-trimetallamacrocycles Ni₃L₃ and Cu₃L₃ were obtained. They contain perimetric 27-membered rings, counting the internal oxygens, or 39-membered rings with the external S atoms on the other hand, i.e. equal chalcogen atoms are in cis-positions within each chelate unit around the 3 metal ions. The trimetallamacrocyclic structure was proved by x-ray crystal and mol. structure anal. of Ni₃L₃ (alkyl = Et) or EPR of the corresponding Cu₃L₃. Diamine-linked bis-N-acylthioureas form insol. 1:1 polymeric chelates.
 IT **104359-19-5P 104359-20-8P**
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 104359-19-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis[(methylimino)carbonothioyl]]bis- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

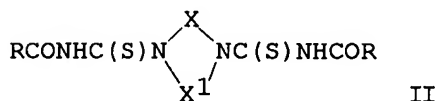


RN 104359-20-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis[(ethylimino)carbonothioyl]]bis- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 10 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1987:18148 CAPLUS
 DN 106:18148
 TI N,N'-disubstituted bisacylthiourea derivatives
 IN Beyer, Lothar; Koehler, Ronald; Hoyer, Eberhard; Hartung, Juergen
 PA Karl-Marx-Universitaet Leipzig, Ger. Dem. Rep.
 SO Ger. (East), 11 pp.
 CODEN: GEXXA8
 DT Patent
 LA German
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DD 229400	A1	19851106	DD 1984-270354	19841206 <--
PRAI	DD 1984-270354		19841206		
GI					

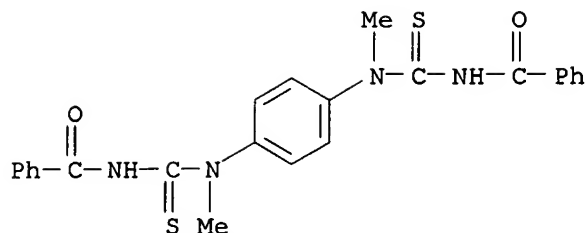


AB The title compds. [RCONHC(S)NR1]2Z [I; R = (un)substituted Ph; R1 = alkyl, aryl; Z = (un)substituted arylene, (CH2)n; n = 2-18] and II [R as above; X, X1 = (CH2)2, CH:CH] are prepared as chelating agents. Thus, 6.5 g BzNCS (preparation given) was added to a solution of 2.6 g N,N'-dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine and 1 g Et3N in 30 mL acetone, to give I (R = Ph, R1 = Me, Z = p-C6H4) (III). III (5 mmol) in 80 mL DMF was added to 1.25 g Ni(OAc)2.4H2O in 150 mL DMF, to give a polymeric III.Ni complex.

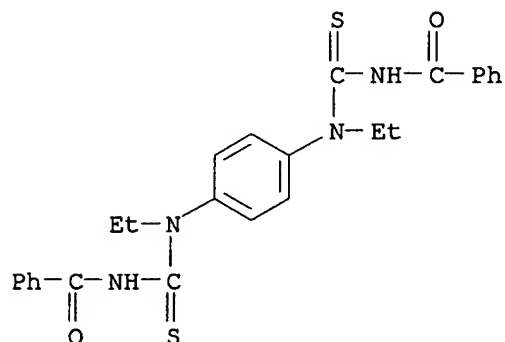
IT **104359-19-5P 104359-20-8P**
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, as chelating agent)

RN 104359-19-5 CAPLUS

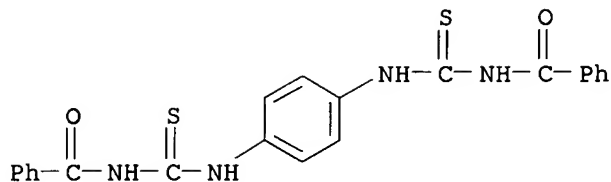
CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis[(methylimino)carbonothioyl]]bis- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 104359-20-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis((ethylimino)carbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

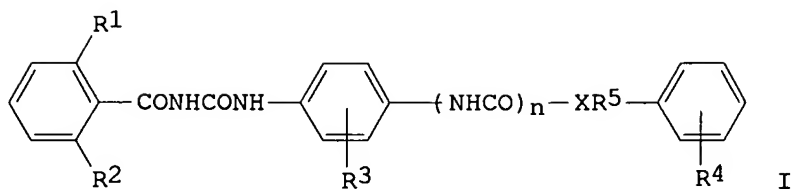


L5 ANSWER 11 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1985:422429 CAPLUS
 DN 103:22429
 TI Synthesis and spectroscopic properties of some new N,N'-disubstituted
 thioureas of potential biological interest
 AU Sarkis, George Y.; Faisal, Essam D.
 CS Coll. Sci., Univ. Baghdad, Baghdad, Iraq
 SO Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1985), 22(1), 137-40
 CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 103:22429
 AB Thirty-six N,N'-disubstituted thioureas RNHCSNHR1 [R = Bz, Ph, 4-FC6H4; R1
 = (un)substituted Ph, pyridyl, 4-quinolyl] were synthesized by the
 reaction of RNCS with R1NH2. The UV, IR and NMR spectral data are
 presented and discussed.
 IT 70110-39-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 70110-39-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 12 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1984:630162 CAPLUS
 DN 101:230162
 TI Benzoylurea compounds for pesticidal and pharmaceutical use
 IN Brouwer, Marius S.; Grosscurt, Arnoldus C.
 PA Duphar International Research B. V., Neth.
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 31 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 116729	A2	19840829	EP 1983-201862	19831230 <--
	EP 116729	A3	19840926		
	EP 116729	B1	19881012		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	AT 37869	E	19881015	AT 1983-201862	19831230 <--
	AU 8423614	A1	19840726	AU 1984-23614	19840119 <--
	AU 562260	B2	19870604		
	BR 8400234	A	19840828	BR 1984-234	19840119 <--
	ZA 8400422	A	19840926	ZA 1984-422	19840119 <--
	US 4665235	A	19870512	US 1984-572143	19840119 <--
	CA 1247644	A1	19881227	CA 1984-445614	19840119 <--
	DK 8400268	A	19840725	DK 1984-268	19840120 <--
	DK 159923	B	19901231		
	DK 159923	C	19910521		
	DD 219101	A5	19850227	DD 1984-259516	19840120 <--
	ES 529033	A1	19850316	ES 1984-529033	19840120 <--
	PL 139504	B1	19870131	PL 1984-245840	19840120 <--
	HU 35477	O	19850729	HU 1984-263	19840123 <--
	HU 193668	B	19871130		
	IL 70747	A1	19861130	IL 1984-70747	19840123 <--
	JP 59176242	A2	19841005	JP 1984-9592	19840124 <--
	JP 04014660	B4	19920313		
	CS 242896	B2	19860515	CS 1984-527	19840124 <--
	SU 1375125	A3	19880215	SU 1984-3751717	19840618 <--
	US 4710516	A	19871201	US 1986-932296	19861119 <--
PRAI	NL 1983-238	A	19830124		
	EP 1983-201862	A	19831230		
	US 1984-572143	A2	19840119		
GI					



AB About 74 title compds. I (R1 = halo; R2 = H, halo; R3 = H, or 1-2 substituents selected from Cl, Me, CF₃; R4 = H or 1-3 substituents selected from halo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy; X = N, CH; n = 0, 1; R5 = H, C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl; if n = 0, and R5 = H, then R3 = H), insecticides, acaricides, and antitumor agents, were prepared. E.g., treating 0.90 g 2,6-F₂C₆H₃CONCO with 1.27 g H₂NC₆H₄NPrC₆H₄Cl-4 in Et₂O at room temperature gave 1.50 g N-(2,6-difluorobenzoyl)-N'-[4-[N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propylamino]phenyl]urea (II). At 1 mg/L, II gave 90-91% mortality of larvae of *Pieris brassicae*.

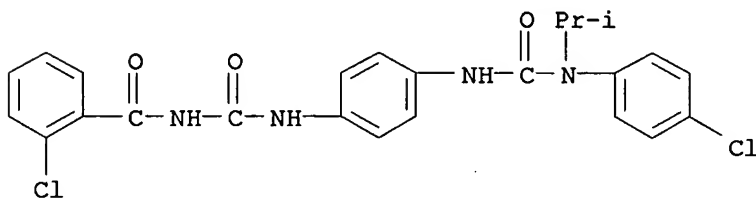
IT 93275-07-1P 93275-08-2P 93275-09-3P
 93275-35-5P 93275-36-6P 93275-37-7P
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 93275-41-3P 93275-42-4P 93275-43-5P
 93275-44-6P 93275-45-7P 93275-46-8P
 93275-47-9P 93275-48-0P 93275-49-1P
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 93275-62-8P 93275-63-9P 93275-64-0P
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 93442-91-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation, pesticidal activity, and antitumor activity of)

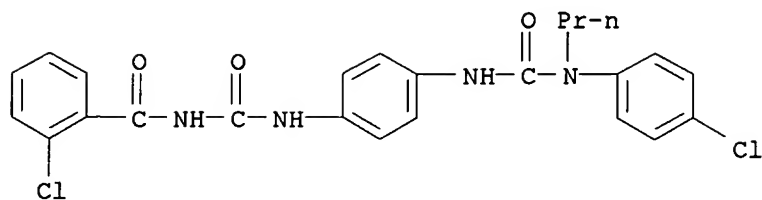
RN 93275-07-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



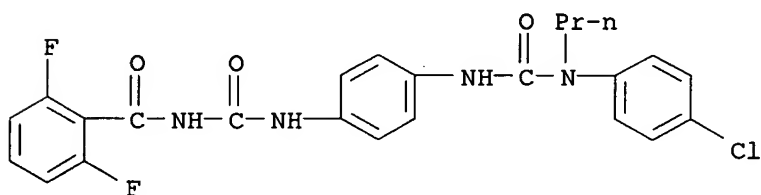
RN 93275-08-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



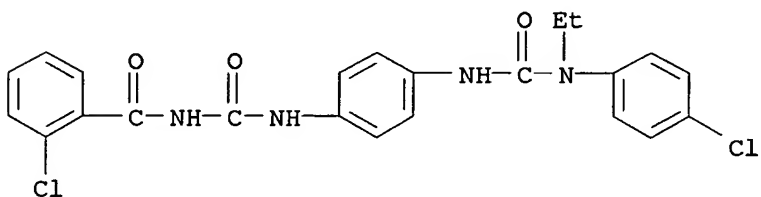
RN 93275-09-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[4-chlorophenyl]propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



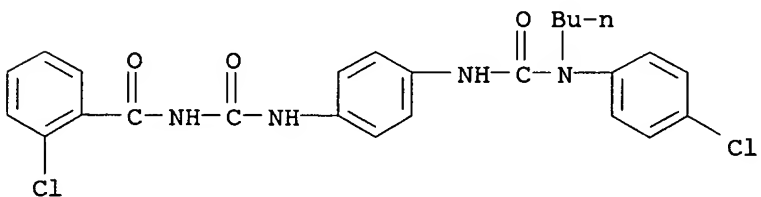
RN 93275-35-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[4-chlorophenyl]ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



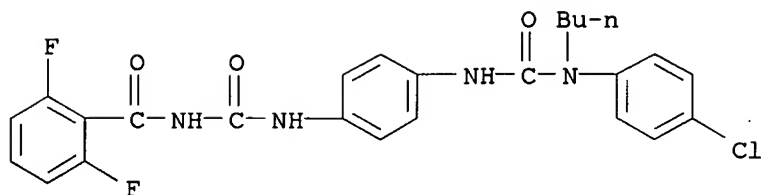
RN 93275-36-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-chlorophenyl) amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



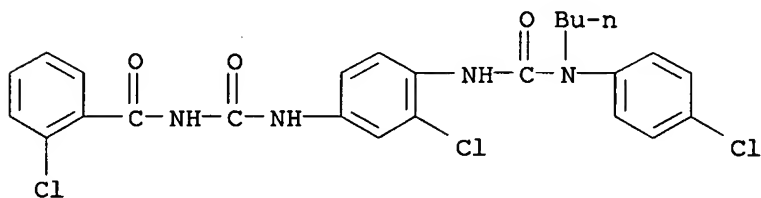
RN 93275-37-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-chlorophenyl) amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



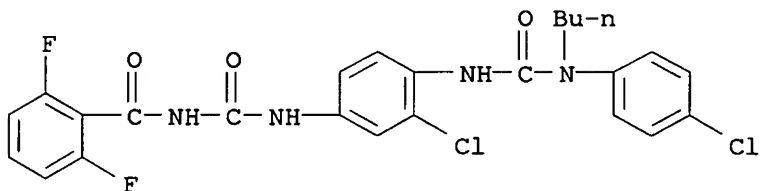
RN 93275-38-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-chlorophenyl) amino] carbonyl] amino]-3-chlorophenyl] amino] carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



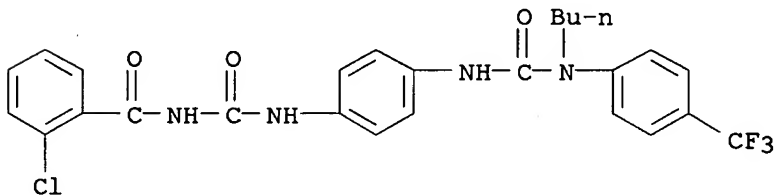
RN 93275-39-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-chlorophenyl) amino] carbonyl] amino]-3-chlorophenyl] amino] carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



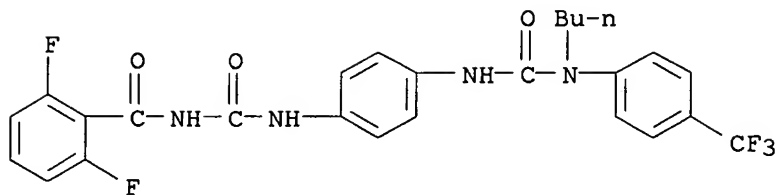
RN 93275-40-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl) amino] carbonyl] amino] phenyl] amino] carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



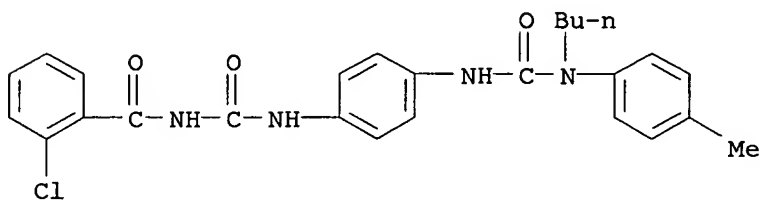
RN 93275-41-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl) amino] carbonyl] amino] phenyl] amino] carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



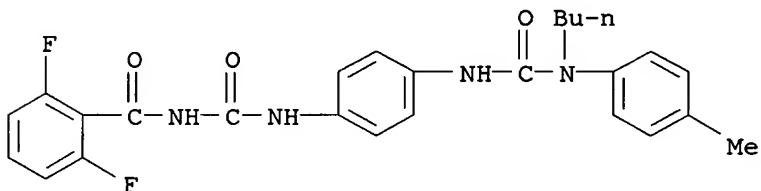
RN 93275-42-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



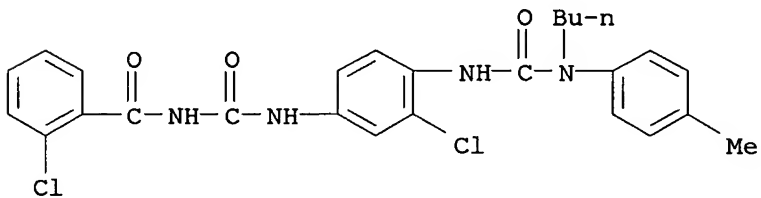
RN 93275-43-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



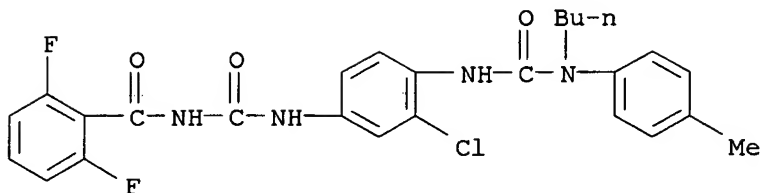
RN 93275-44-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]-3-chlorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



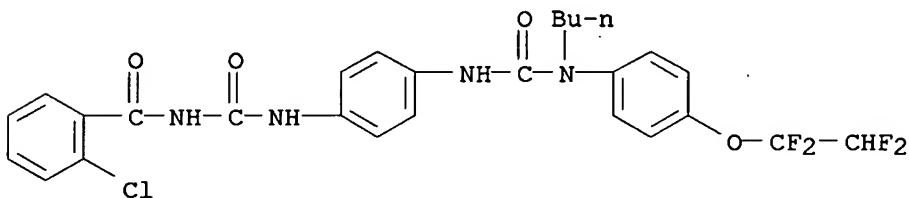
RN 93275-45-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl (4-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]-3-chlorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



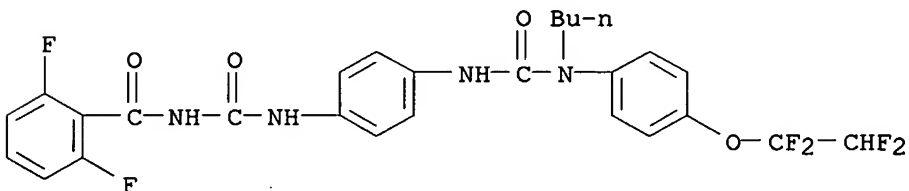
RN 93275-46-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl[4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



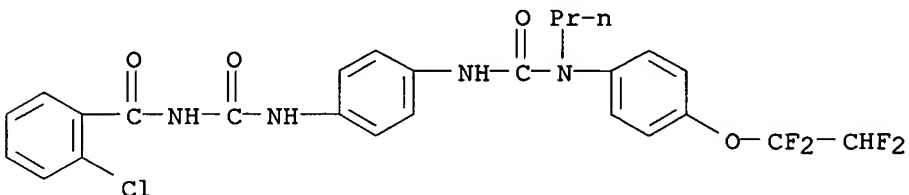
RN 93275-47-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl[4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



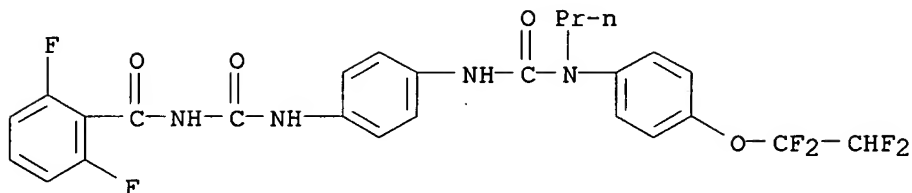
RN 93275-48-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[propyl[4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



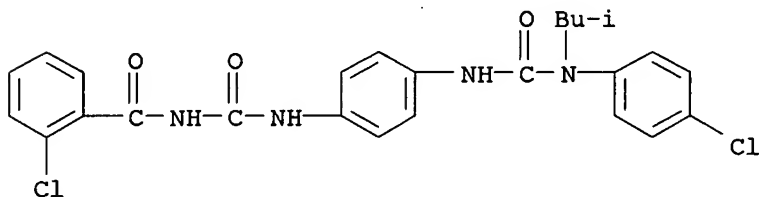
RN 93275-49-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2,6-difluoro-N-[[[4-[[[propyl[4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



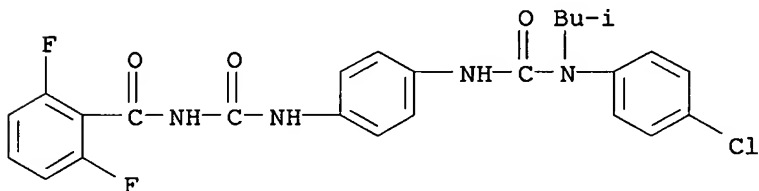
RN 93275-50-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)(2-methylpropyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



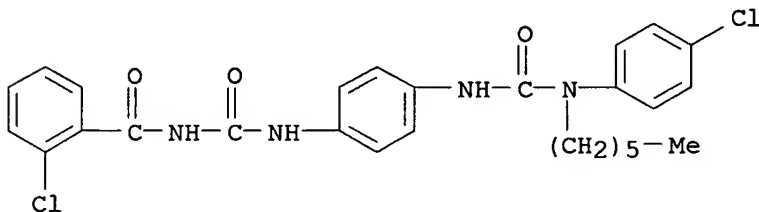
RN 93275-51-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)(2-methylpropyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



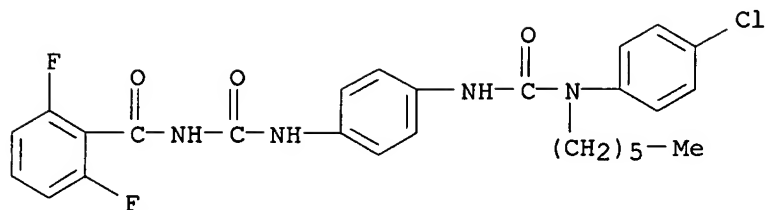
RN 93275-52-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)hexylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



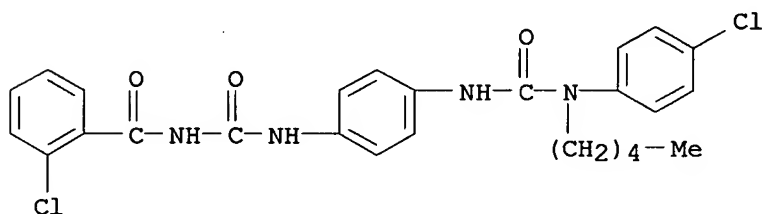
RN 93275-53-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)hexylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



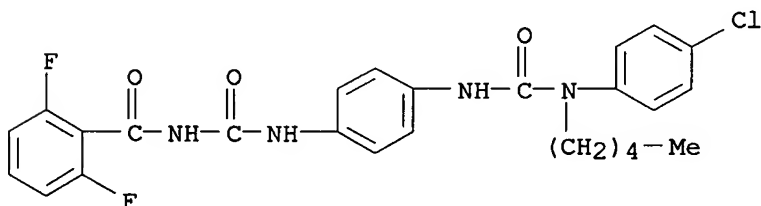
RN 93275-54-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)pentylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



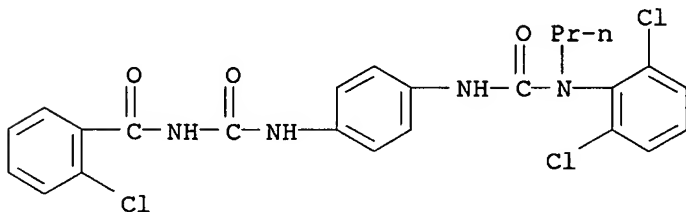
RN 93275-55-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)pentylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



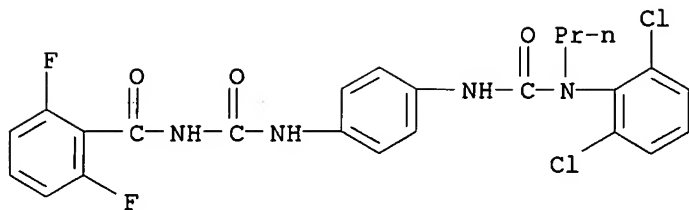
RN 93275-56-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



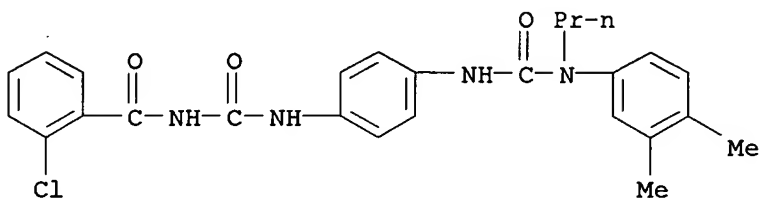
RN 93275-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



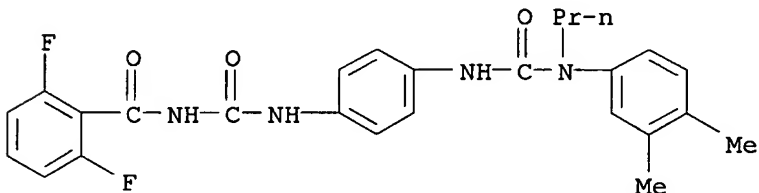
RN 93275-58-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dimethylphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



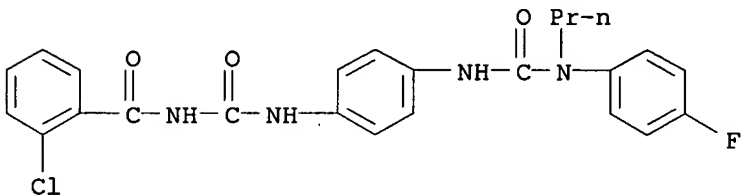
RN 93275-59-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dimethylphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



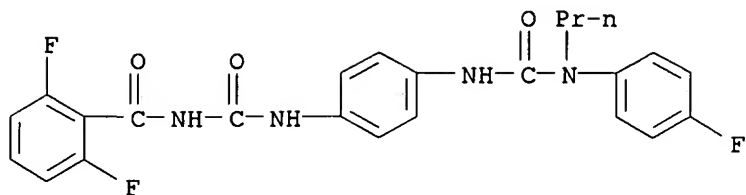
RN 93275-60-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-fluorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



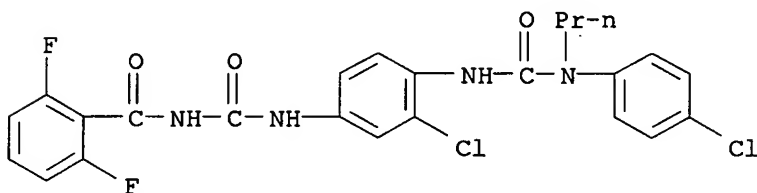
RN 93275-61-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2,6-difluoro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-fluorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



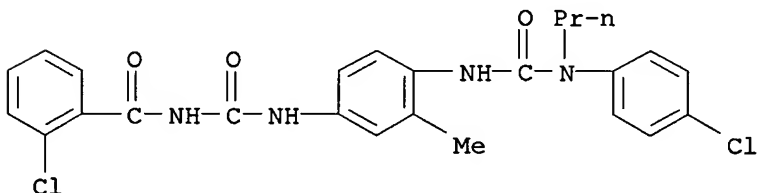
RN 93275-62-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[3-chloro-4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



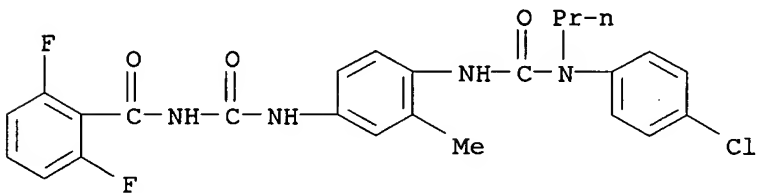
RN 93275-63-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-3-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



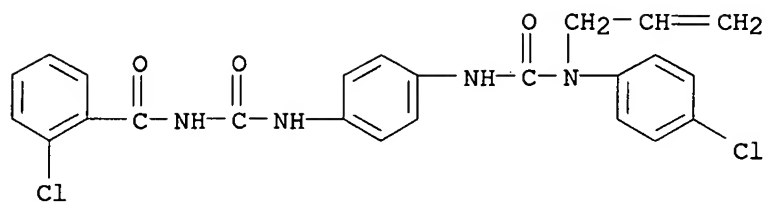
RN 93275-64-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-3-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



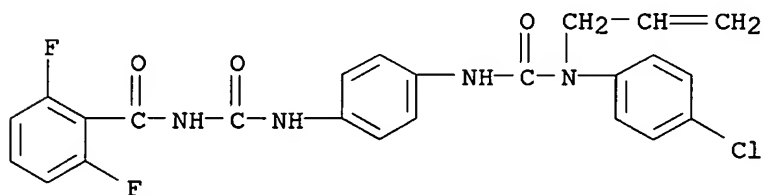
RN 93275-65-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



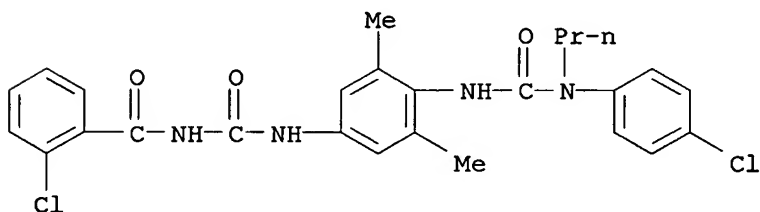
RN 93275-66-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[4-chlorophenyl]-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



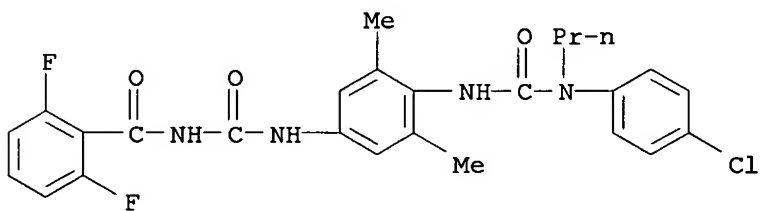
RN 93275-71-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[4-chlorophenyl]propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-3,5-dimethylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



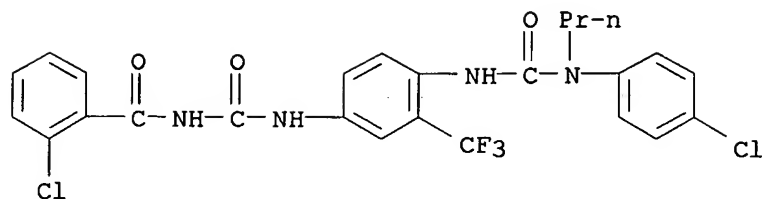
RN 93275-72-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[4-chlorophenyl]propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-3,5-dimethylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



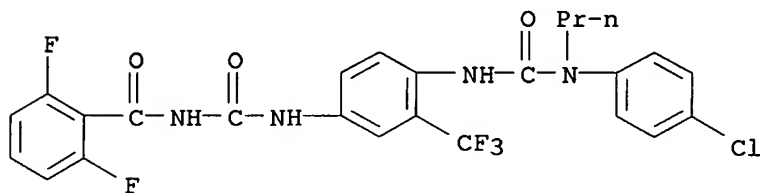
RN 93275-73-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[4-chlorophenyl]propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



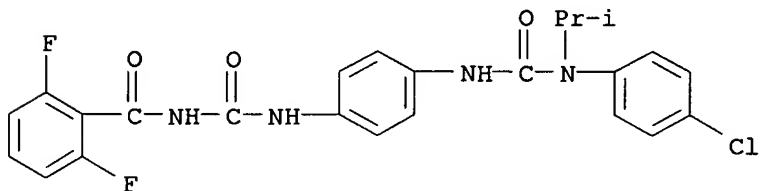
RN 93275-74-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 93442-91-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]p-phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 13 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1983:487771 CAPLUS

DN 99:87771

TI Studies on the alkoxybenzoic acid series. V. 3,4,5-Trimethoxybenzoyl thioureaides

AU Missir, A.; Zolta, V.; Soare, Jana; Chirita, Ileana; Petrea, I.; Stan, A.

CS Lab. Chim. Farm., Fac. Farm., Bucharest, Rom.

SO Farmacia (Bucharest, Romania) (1982), 30(4), 225-30

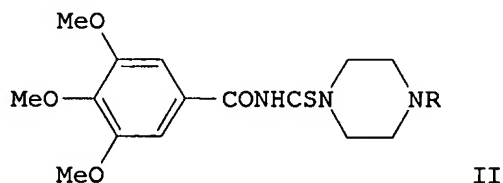
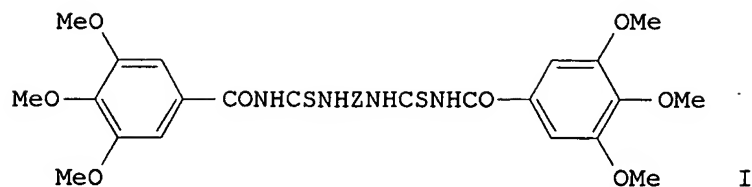
CODEN: FRMBAZ; ISSN: 0014-8237

DT Journal

LA Romanian

OS CASREACT 99:87771

GI



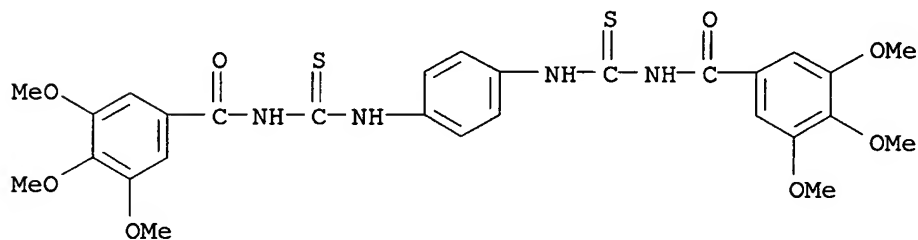
AB Bis-thioureas I [Z = phenylene, methylphenylene, (CH₂)_n (n = 2,3,4,5,6)] and benzoylthioureas II [R = 3,4,5-(MeO)₃C₆H₂CONHCS, Ph] were prepared. Thus, 3,4,5-(MeO)₃C₆H₂COCl was treated with NH₄SCN in Me₂CO, the mixture was heated, o-phenylenediamine in Me₂CO was added, and the mixture was refluxed to give I (Z = o-phenylene).

IT 82925-65-3P 82934-52-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

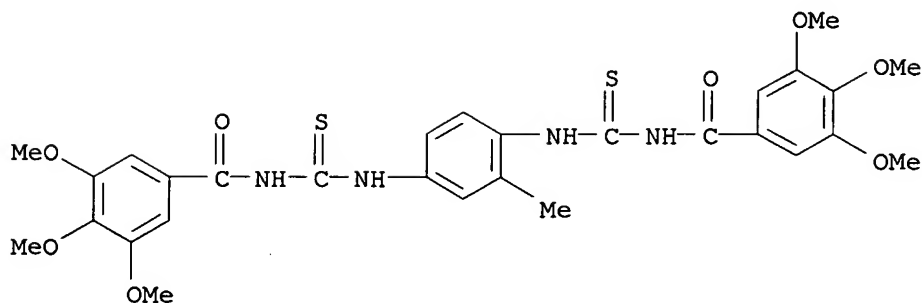
RN 82925-65-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

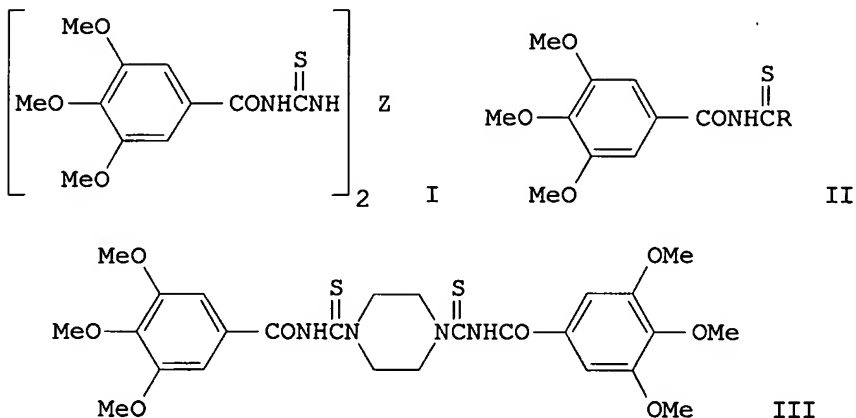


RN 82934-52-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[(2-methyl-1,4-phenylene)bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 14 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1982:555973 CAPLUS
 DN 97:155973
 TI Pharmacodynamic study of some new 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoic acid
 thioureides. Part VI
 AU Cristea, Elena; Missir, A.; Chirita, Ileana; Dan, G.; Georgescu, C.
 CS Discip. Farmacodin., Fac. Farm., Bucharest, Rom.
 SO Farmacia (Bucharest, Romania) (1982), 30(1), 41-8
 CODEN: FRMBAZ; ISSN: 0014-8237
 DT Journal
 LA Romanian
 GI



AB The pharmacol. of 11 title compds. [I (Z = (CH₂)_n, n = 2-6, etc.); II (R = 4-Ph-piperazin-1-yl or 2,6-Br₂C₆H₃NH) and III [82925-64-2]] was studied. Among the central nervous system depressing substance were I (Z = p-C₆H₄) [82925-65-3], I [Z = (CH₂)₃] [82925-66-4], I [Z = (CH₂)₅] [82925-67-5], II (R = 4-Ph-piperazin-1-yl, and III. Compds. blocking intestinal motility included I (Z = o-C₆H₄) [82925-69-7], I (Z = p-C₆H₄), I [Z = (CH₂)₄] [82925-70-0], and I (Z = 2-Me-1,4-C₆H₃). The compds. had anticholesteremic and antihyperglycemic activities. None of the compds. had greater activity than compds. of the same class previously tested.

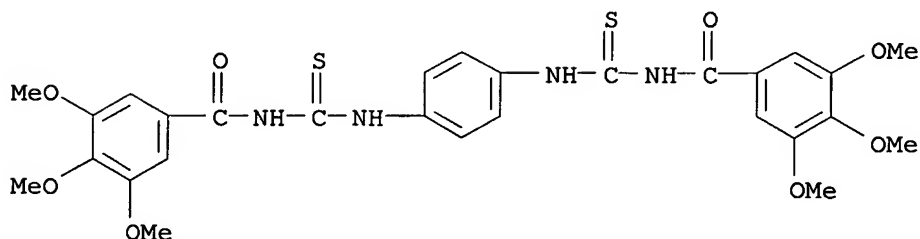
IT **82925-65-3 82934-52-9**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmacol. of)

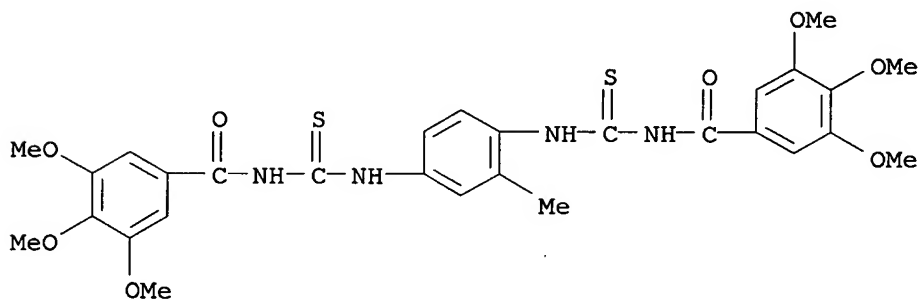
RN 82925-65-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 82934-52-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[(2-methyl-1,4-phenylene)bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 15 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1982:227948 CAPLUS

DN 96:227948

TI Complexes of p,p'-bis(benzoylthioureido)benzene with copper(II), nickel(II) and cobalt(II) salts and their biological activity

AU Satpathy, K. C.; Mishra, H. P.; Patel, B. N.

CS P. G. Dep. Chem., Sambalpur Univ., Burla, 768 017, India

SO Journal of the Indian Chemical Society (1982), 59(1), 40-2

CODEN: JICSAH; ISSN: 0019-4522

DT Journal

LA English

AB MLX2 (M = Cu, Ni, Co; L = BzNHC(S)NHC6H4NHC(S)NHBz-p, X = Cl, Br, NO3, ClO4) were prepared and characterized on the basis of IR spectral, electronic spectra and magnetic susceptibility measurements. IR spectra manifest the coordinates of the ligand to the metal ion through carbonyl O and thiocarbonyl S atoms. The complexes possess octahedral stereochem. as inferred from electronic spectral data and magnetic moment values. Fungicidal screening of the complexes shows them to be antifungal against *Aspergillus niger*, *Fusarium oxysporium* and *Helminthosporium oryzae*.

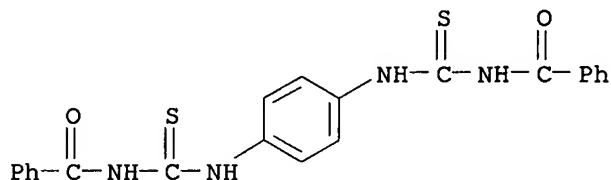
IT 70110-39-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and fungicidal activity of)

RN 70110-39-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 16 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1979:187379 CAPLUS

DN 90:187379

TI Synthesis of polyacylthioureas by polyaddition of isophthaloyldiisothiocyanate with diamines

AU Shimano, Yasuo; Sasaki, Shoichi

CS Dep. Ind. Chem., Hachinohe Tech. Coll., Hachinohe, Japan

SO Kobunshi Ronbunshu (1979), 36(2), 81-8

CODEN: KBRBA3; ISSN: 0386-2186

DT Journal

LA Japanese

AB Isophthaloyl diisothiocyanate (I) is polymerized with aromatic diamines in amide

solns. to give polymers having reduced viscosity ≤ 1.39 dL/g

(30°, 0.5 g/dL in Me2Nac containing 5% LiCl), or I is polymerized with

aliphatic diamines by interfacial methods using aromatic solvents to give

polymers having reduced viscosity up to 1.21 dL/g. Interfacial polymerization

of

I with aromatic diamines and solution polymerization of I in amide solvents

with aliphatic

diamines does not give high-mol. weight polymers. The poly(acylthioureas) lose 5% weight in N or air at 210-20°.

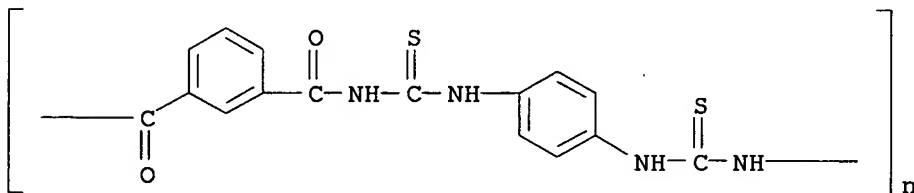
IT 70113-14-3P 70113-15-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and properties of, solvent effect on)

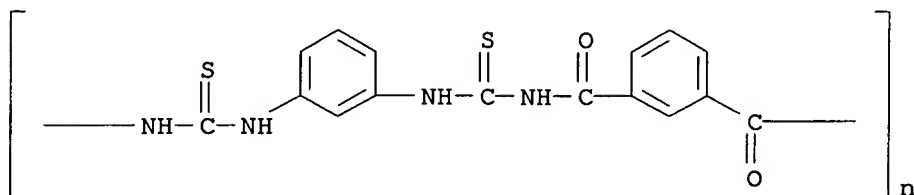
RN 70113-14-3 CAPLUS

CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 70113-15-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,3-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

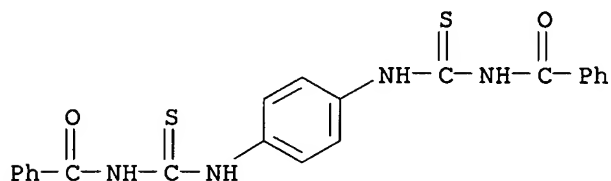


IT 70110-39-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 70110-39-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 17 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1974:437407 CAPLUS

DN 81:37407

TI 1-(3-Disubstituted phosphonothioureido)-2-(3-substituted ureido- or thioureido)-benzene compounds

IN Weir, William D.

PA Rohm and Haas Co.

SO Ger. Offen., 24 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

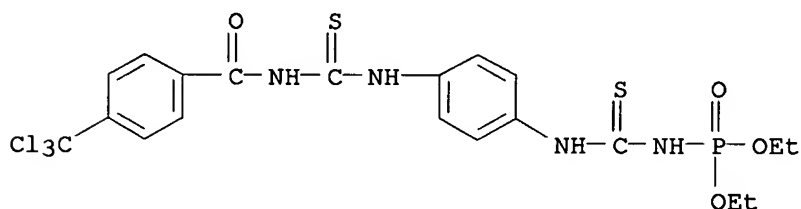
DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 2346241	A1	19740502	DE 1973-2346241	19730913 <--
	US 3845176	A	19741029	US 1972-298683	19721018 <--
	FR 2306700	A2	19761105	FR 1973-36312	19731011 <--
	FR 2306700	B2	19790126		
	BE 806083	A4	19740416	BE 1973-136693	19731015 <--
	ZA 7307995	A	19741127	ZA 1973-7995	19731015 <--
	DD 109223	W	19741020	DD 1973-174091	19731016 <--
	AU 7361459	A1	19750417	AU 1973-61459	19731016 <--
	JP 54007787	B4	19790410	JP 1973-116249	19731016 <--
	SE 415355	B	19800929	SE 1973-14069	19731016 <--
	SE 415355	C	19810122		
	GB 1444103	A	19760728	GB 1973-48353	19731017 <--
	HU 172069	P	19780528	HU 1973-RO754	19731017 <--
	NL 7314380	A	19740422	NL 1973-14380	19731018 <--

AT 7308868 A 19760315 AT 1973-8868 19731018 <--
 AT 333305 B 19761110
 ES 419749 A1 19760316 ES 1973-419749 19731018 <--
 PL 101308 P 19781230 PL 1973-165936 19731018 <--
 IL 43491 A1 19780310 IL 1973-43491 19731026 <--
 IN 139438 A 19760619 IN 1974-CA403 19740226 <--
 PRAI US 1972-298683 A 19721018
 BE 1973-800041 A 19730525
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB The urea derivs. I (R = Et, Me2CH, ClCH2CH2; R1 = H, Cl; R2 = e.g., 4-MeC6H4SO2, BuSO2, Ac, Bz; Z = O, S) were prepared in one reaction vessel by the reaction of ClP(O)(OR)2 with a thiocyanate to give SCNP(O)(OR)2, which reacted with 3,4-(H2N)2C6H3R, then with R2NCS or R2NCO to give I. Thus, ClP(O)(OEt)2 reacted with KSCN in MeOCH2CH2OMe, followed by addition of o-C6H4(NH2)2, then 4-MeC6H4SO2NCS to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = 4-MeC6H4SO2, Z = S). Twenty-two I were prepared
 IT **52867-32-0P**
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 52867-32-0 CAPLUS
 CN Phosphoramidic acid, [thioxo[[4-[[thioxo[[4-(trichloromethyl)benzoyl]amino]methyl]amino]phenyl]amino]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 18 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 1971:449011 CAPLUS
 DN 75:49011
 TI New iodinated organic compounds. Iodinated derivatives of 1,2-dihydro-4H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4-dione and 2,4(1H, 3H)-quinazolinedione
 AU Covello, Mario; Dini, Antonio; De Simone, Francesco
 CS Ist. Chim. Farm. Tossicol., Univ. Napoli, Naples, Italy
 SO Rendiconto dell'Accademia delle Scienze Fisiche e Matematiche, Naples (1969), 36, 61-6
 CODEN: RASFAM; ISSN: 0370-3568
 DT Journal
 LA Italian
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB The known 6,2-I(H2N)C6H3CO2H (I) refluxed 20 hr in ClCO2Et yielded 63% 5-iodo-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4-(1H)-dione (II) (R = H, R1 = 5-I), m. 173.5° (MeOH-C6H6), converted by refluxing 2 hr in concentrated NH4OH to 39% 5-iodo-2,4-(1H,3H)-quinazolinedione (III) (R = H, R1 = 5-I), m. 340°, also produced by heating I 30 min at 170-80° with urea. NH4SCN refluxed in Me2CO with addition of BzCl and the mixture treated with I in Me2CO, refluxed and the cooled solution poured into cold H2O gave 6,2-I(BzNHCSNH)C6H3CO2H (IV), m. 171-3°, converted by refluxing in N NaOH and acidification to 5-iodo-2-thio-2,4(1H,3H)-quinazolinedione (V) (R = H, R1 = 5-I), m. 324-6° (decomposition). The known 3,5,2-ICl(NH2)C6H2CO2H was similarly transformed to give 46% II (R = 6-Cl,

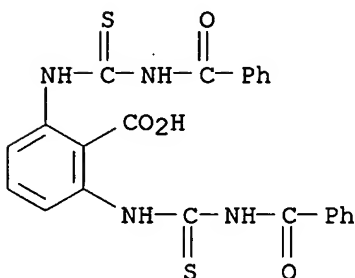
R1 = 8-I), m. 176-8°; 62% III (R = 6-Cl, R1 = 8-I), m. 310° (decomposition), 47% 3,5,2-ICl(BzNHCSNH)C6H2CO2H, m. 181-3°, and 80% V (R = 6-Cl, R1 = 8-I), m. 320-2° (decomposition). Analogous procedures converted 3,5,2-IBr(H2N)C6H2CO2H into 88% II (R = 6-Br, R1 = 8-I), m. 155-7°; 43% III (R = 6-Br, R1 = 8-I), m. 314-16°; 71% acid 3,5,2-IBr(BzNHCSNH)C6H2CO2H, m. 172-4°; and 84% V (R = 6-Br, R1 = 8-I), m. 303-5° (decomposition).

IT **33115-22-9P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 33115-22-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,6-bis(3-benzoyl-2-thioureido)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 19 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1966:84555 CAPLUS

DN 64:84555

OREF 64:15870g-h,15871a-h,15872a-b

TI Thioacyl isocyanates. III. Synthesis and properties of N-thiobenzoylureas

AU Goerdeler, Joachim; Schenk, Hainfried

CS Univ. Bonn, Germany

SO Chemische Berichte (1966), 99(3), 782-92

CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940

DT Journal

LA German

OS CASREACT 64:84555

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB cf. CA 64, 5083d. Primary and secondary amines were added to PhCSNCO (I) to yield the corresponding PhCSNHCONRR' (II). PhCSNHCONH2 (III) was obtained by the selective saponification of II (R = Bz, R' = H) (IV). The adducts

from hydrazines and amidines to I showed a strong tendency for cyclization. 2-Phenylthiazolidine-4,5-dione (V) (5 g.) in 30 cc. dry methylcyclohexane decomposed thermally by the method described previously gave a solution of I; except where noted otherwise, this solution from 5 g. V was used in all runs with I as the starting material. I treated dropwise with 1.2 g. absolute EtOH yielded 3 g. deep yellow PhCSNHCO2Et, 63° (decomposition) (AcOEt-ligroine). I with 1.92 g. BuNH2 in 5 cc. dry Et2O gave after chromatography on silica gel 0.7 g. PhCN, 1.5 g. PhCSNH2, 0.28 g. II (R = Bu, R' = H), m. 92° (1:15 CH2Cl2-methylcyclohexane), and 2 g. brown, odoriferous oil. I with 2.23 g. piperidine in 25 cc. dry methylcyclohexane stirred 15 min. gave 4.5 g. yellow-orange II [(RR' = (CH2)5] (VI), m. 130° (decomposition) (aqueous EtOH). VI (0.248 g.) in 30 cc. MeOH treated at room temperature with 20 cc. 0.1N AgNO3 gave 0.165 g.

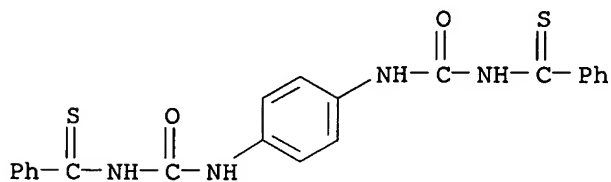
N,N-pentamethylene-N'-benzoylurea, m. 172° (decomposition) (dioxane-ligroine). I and 10 cc. Et₂O treated with 2.6 g. cyclohexylamine in 20 cc. Et₂O gave 2.9 g. II (R = cyclohexyl, R' = H) (VII), m. 150° (1:2 C₆H₆-petroleum ether). I with 2.45 g. PhNH₂ in 10 cc. dry Et₂O stirred 10 min. at room temperature gave 3.0 g. sulfur yellow II (R = Ph, R' = H) (VIII), m. 214° (decomposition) (EtOH). VIII refluxed 0.5 hr. with 0.1N AgNO₃-MeOH yielded 88% PhNHCONHBz. 2,3,6-Triphenyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazin-4-one (3.44 g.) in 50 cc. dioxane and 1 cc. H₂O refluxed 5 min. gave 2.42 g. yellow VIII, m. 216° (decomposition). I (from 3.82 g. V) treated at 0° with 10 cc. dry AcOEt and then slowly with 3.38 g. Ph₂NH in 10 cc. dry Me₂CO and stirred 0.5 hr. at 0° yielded 30% PhCSNHCONPh₂ (IX), m. 137° (decomposition) (petroleum ether). IX (0.332 g.) and 0.138 g. o-O₂NC₆H₄NH₂ in 7 cc. dry C₆H₆ heated 5 min. at 40° and kept at room temperature overnight yielded 0.19 g. II (R = o-O₂NC₆H₄, R' = H) (X). I with 3.23 g. p-MeOC₆H₄NH₂ in 30 cc. dry Me₂CO yielded 4.84 g. bright yellow II (R = p-MeOC₆H₄, R' = H) (XI), m. 179° (decomposition). XI decomposed at about 200° with gas evolution and formation of a colorless solid, m. 230°. XI (1 g.), 0.007 mole Et₃N, and 25 cc. dry AcOEt treated with stirring at about 10° with 0.56 g. Br in 25 cc. dry AcOEt gave 0.5 g. light yellow XII (R = p-MeOC₆H₄), m. 155° (AcOEt). I with 3.62 g. o-O₂NC₆H₄NH₂ in 15 cc. dry Me₂CO yielded 3.15 g. light brown-yellow X, m. 215° (decomposition) (C₆H₆). I and 4.6 g. 2,4-(O₂N)₂C₆H₃NH₂ refluxed 1 hr. in 30 cc. dry Me₂CO and stirred 20 min. yielded 0.9 g. II [R = 2,4-(O₂N)₂C₆H₃, R' = H], m. 225° (decomposition) (200:25 dioxane-H₂O). I from 0.95 g. V treated dropwise with 0.59 g. p-H₂NC₆H₄CN in 10 cc. absolute Me₂CO and stirred 10 min. yielded 0.68 g. deep yellow II (R = p-NCC₆H₄, R' = H), m. 252° (decomposition) (PhCl). I from 1.91 g. V with 1.52 g. o-H₂NC₆H₄CSNH₂ in 10 cc. dry Me₂CO gave 2.25 g. II (R = o-H₂NCSC₆H₄, R' = H) (XIII), m. 198° (decomposition with formation of light yellow and red crystals). I from 1.9 g. V stirred 15 min. with 0.54 g. p-C₆H₄(NH₂)₂ in 10 cc. dry tetrahydrofuran yielded 1.05 g. yellow p-PhCSNHCONHC₆H₄NHCONHCSPH, decompose above 223° with the evolution of gas but without melting. I and 2.47 g. 2-aminopyridine in 15 cc. dry Me₂CO stirred 15 min. gave 3.1 g. yellow II (R = 2-pridyl, R' = H), m. 199° (decomposition) (AcOEt), which refluxed 4 hrs. with aqueous dioxane. gave a S-free solid, m. 211° (decomposition). I with 2.5 g. 2-aminopyrimidine in 30 cc. dry Me₂CO gave similarly 4.5 g. pink II (R = 2-pyrimidinyl, R' = H), m. 238° (decomposition) (HCONMe₂). I with 4.65 g. 5-amino-3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazole in 30 cc. dry Me₂CO stirred 15 min. gave 5.2 g. yellow II (R = 3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl, R' = H), m. 252° (decomposition) (HCONMe₂-tetrahydrofuran), which repptd. from AcNMe₂ with petroleum ether gave orange prisms which change above 80° to the yellow form. I with 3.2 g. BzNH₂ and 20 cc. dry Me₂CO gave 1.3 g. IV, pink needles from C₆H₆, violet needles from Me₂CO, m. 220° (decomposition). PhCSNH₂ (46 g.) in 400 cc. dry C₆H₆ refluxed 3 hrs. with 49 g. BzNCO yielded 80 g. IV. 2,6-Diphenyl-1,3,5-thiadiazin-4-one (0.266 g.) in 5 cc. Me₂CO heated briefly to 40° with a few drops H₂O and 1 drop 2N HCl and kept 0.5 hr. at room temperature gave 0.27 g. IV. I and 3.6 g. BzNHNH₂ in 25 cc. Me₂CO yielded 2.6 g. yellow II (R = BzNH, R' = H) (XIV), m. 226° (decomposition) (C₆H₆). I from 2.5 g. V stirred 0.5 hr. with 1.57 g. PhCH:NNH₂ in 10 cc. dry Me₂CO yielded 0.82 g. light yellow II (R = PhCH:N, R' = H), m. 175° (decomposition). V (5 g.) and 4.0 g. H₂NCH₂CO₂Et.HCl refluxed in methylcyclohexane gave 2.5 g. yellow PhCSNHCONHCH₂CO₂Et (XV), m. 138° (decomposition) (MeOH). XV (1 g.) and 10 cc. 4N NaOH heated about 10 min. at 40° and neutralized gave 0.85 g. light yellow PhCSNHCONHCH₂CO₂H, m. 258° with foaming (aqueous MeOH); it crystallized from aqueous MeOH with 0.5 mole H₂O. I from 2.5 g. V

with 0.66 g. $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ in 15 cc. dry tetrahydrofuran yielded 1.2 g. yellowish XVI ($\text{R} = \text{R}' = \text{H}$) (XVII), m. 321° (aqueous EtOH). XIV (0.3 g.) and 1 drop Me_2CO in 5 cc. 4N NaOH refluxed 10 min. and neutralized gave 0.15 g. XVII, m. $320-4^\circ$. I with 2.9 g. PhNHNH_2 in 5 cc. dry Et₂O at -20° gave 2.23 g. yellow precipitate which heated in AcOH gave with the elimination of H_2S a mixture of XVI ($\text{R} = \text{Ph}$, $\text{R}' = \text{H}$) (XVIII) and XVI ($\text{R} = \text{H}$, $\text{R}' = \text{Ph}$) (XXIX) which fractionally recrystd. from aqueous AcOH gave 1.66 g. XIX, m. 235° , and 0.1-0.2 g. XVIII, m. 278° (partial decomposition). I from 1.91 g. V in 20 cc. methylcyclohexane refluxed 15 min. with 1.84 g. $(\text{PhNH})_2$ in 10 cc. absolute tetrahydrofuran gave 0.86 g. XVI ($\text{R} = \text{R}' = \text{Ph}$), m. 242° (decomposition) (EtOH). I with 3.2 g. $\text{PhC}(:\text{NH})\text{NH}_2$ in 20 cc. dry Me_2CO refluxed 5 min. yielded 2.1 g. $\text{PhC}(:\text{NH})\text{N}:\text{CPhNHCONHC}(:\text{NH})\text{Ph}$ (XX), m. $240-4^\circ$ (decomposition) ($\text{AcNMe}_2\text{-AcOEt}$). XX (about 0.5 g.) fused gave with the evolution of PhCN and NH_3 2,6-diphenyl-3,4-dihydro-1,3,5-triazin-4-one, m. 289° ($\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{N}$). I in 25 cc. methylcyclohexane with 5 g. $\text{PhC}(:\text{NH})\text{NHPH}$ in 20 cc. dry dioxane gave 2.4 g. 1,2,6-triphenyl-1,4-dihydro-1,3,5-triazin-4-one, m. 284° (decomposition) (tetrahydrofuran) with the formation of a solid, m. 232° with sublimation. XIII (0.78 g.) in 4 cc. dry Me_2CO and 0.32 g. $(\text{COCl})_2$ in 10 cc. dry Me_2CO gave at about 70° 0.63 g. red XXI, m. 163° (decomposition). IV (56.8 g.) in 100 cc. Me_2CO and 2 l. 2N NaOH shaken 14 hrs. at room temperature and neutralized with AcOH yielded 30-1 g. lemon yellow III, m. 190° (decomposition) (AcOEt -ligroine). III (1.8 g.) in 10 cc. 2N NaOH treated gradually with 1.3 cc. 30% H_2O_2 gave XII ($\text{R} = \text{H}$), m. 204° (MeOH); it gives a blood red color with $\text{FeCl}_3\text{-MeOH}$.

IT 5378-02-9, Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-(thiobenzoyl)-
(preparation of)

RN 5378-02-9 CAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-(thiobenzoyl)- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 20 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1966:36325 CAPLUS

DN 64:36325

OREF 64:6778b-d

TI Acylisothiocyanates. VI. Reactions of bis(acyl isothiocyanates) with diamines

AU Li, Yung-Hsien; Chen, Yao-Tsu

CS Ind. Coll., Kansu, Peop. Rep. China

SO Gaofenzi Tongxun (1964), 6(3), 206-12

CODEN: KFTTAR; ISSN: 0453-2880

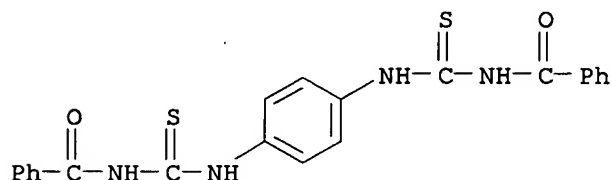
DT Journal

LA Chinese

AB cf. Sci. Sinica (Peking) 12, 143(1963); CA 52, 19993b. Bis(acyl isothiocyanates) reacted readily with diamines to form linear polymers of acylthioureas with the structure $[\text{R}'\text{NHCSNHCORCONHCSNH}]_n$. Ten such poly(acylthioureas) were synthesized by the reactions of adipic, azelaic, and terephthalic diisothiocyanates with hydrazine, ethylenediamine, $\text{H}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_6\text{NH}_2$, p-phenylenediamine, and benzidine. The structure of the

polymers obtained was confirmed by elementary analysis, degradation examination, and uv and ir spectroscopy. These polymers were colored (yellow to orange) powders, sparingly soluble in common organic solvents, but readily soluble in HCONMe₂ and cold concentrated H₂SO₄. The x-ray diffraction patterns showed that these polymers possessed fair crystallinity. The softening points of the polymers decreased with increasing length of the aliphatic C chain and increased when benzene nuclei were introduced into the chain. Four of these polymers had softening points >300°.

IT 70110-39-3, Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-benzoyl-2-thio-
(preparation of)
RN 70110-39-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



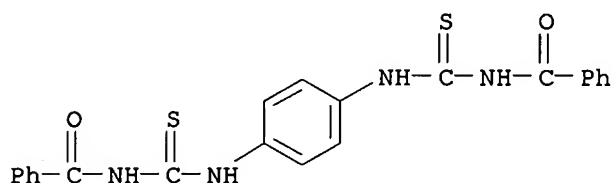
L5 ANSWER 21 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN 1964:68587 CAPLUS
DN 60:68587
OREF 60:12118e-g
TI Poly(acylthioureas)
AU Chen, Yao-Tsu; Li, Yung-Hsien
CS Univ. Lanchow, Peop. Rep. China
SO Kexue Tongbao (Chinese Edition) (1963), (10), 50-2
CODEN: KHTPAT; ISSN: 0023-074X
DT Journal
LA Unavailable
AB Diisothiocyanates of formula R(CONCS)₂ (from diacyl chlorides and 2 moles NH₄CNS) can add 2 moles of a primary amine, R'NH₂, to form bis(acylthioureas), (R'NHCSNHCO)₂R. For R' = Ph and R given, the m.ps. are: (CH₂)₄, 192-3°; p-C₆H₄ (I), 290°. If RCONCS (from RCOC₂Cl and 1 mole NH₄CNS) was treated with diamines, R'(NH₂)₂, bis(acylthio-ureas) of type (RCONHCSNH)₂R' were formed; e.g. for R = Ph and R' given, the m.ps. are: (CH₂)₆, 177-8°; p-C₆H₄, 237-8°. By hydrolysis with 10% NaOH, 80-90% of the original carboxylic acid and thiourea were recovered and identified by mixed-m.p. determination. By keeping bis(acyl isothiocyanates) (3 kinds) and diamines (5 kinds) for 12 hrs. in anhydrous Me₂CO, 10 poly(acyl-thioureas) were obtained containing the fundamental unit R'NH-CSNHCORCONHCSNH (R, R', m.p., and reduced viscosity at 30 ± 1° in 0.5 g./ml. concentrated H₂SO₄ given): (CH₂)₄, (CH₂)₂, 185° (decompose), 0.10; (CH₂)₄, (CH₂)₆, 180° (decompose), 0.18 (infrared absorption bands at 5.58-6.1, 6.3-6.65, 7.8-8.0, 8.6, and 13.58 μ); (CH₂)₇, (CH₂)₈, 125-9°, 0.10; (CH₂)₄, p-C₆H₄, m. >300°, 0, 20 (infrared absorption bands at 2-15 μ; ultra-violet absorption similar to that of I); (CH₂)₇, p-C₆H₄, 150-3°, 0.16; p-C₆H₄, -, m. >300°, 0.069; p-C₆H₄, (CH₂)₂, 210° (decompose), 0.12; p-C₆H₄, (CH₂)₆, 120-5°, 0.12; p-C₆H₄, p-C₆H₄, m. >300°, 0.11; and p-C₆H₄, p-C₆H₄C₆H₄, m. >300°, 0.13. The x-ray diagrams for most of the polymers indicate a crystalline state of linear order. The polymers are yellow or orange powders, insol. in most organic solvents, but

readily soluble in HCONMe₂ or concentrated H₂SO₄. Introduction of a benzene ring raises the softening point. The dielec. constant ranges from 1010 to 1011 ohm-cm.

IT **70110-39-3**, Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-benzoyl-2-thio-
(preparation of)

RN 70110-39-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 22 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1961:111847 CAPLUS

DN 55:111847

OREF 55:21006d-f

TI Mono- and diisocyanates of p-cymene

AU Adellac, F.; Lora-Tamayo, M.; Soto, J. L.

CS Univ. Madrid

SO Anales real soc. espan. fis. y quim. (Madrid) (1960), 56B, 985-94

DT Journal

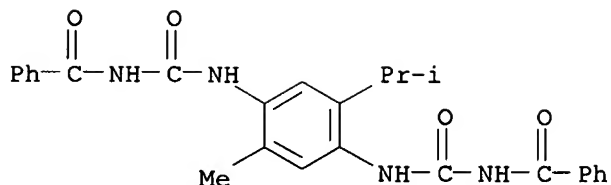
LA Unavailable

AB The reaction of phosgene with the appropriate amines was used to prepare the following isocyanates of cymene (substituents, b.p./mm., m.p., n_D (t), and % yield given): 2-OCN, 76-7°/1, -, 1.5205 (22°), 70; 3-NCO, 76-7°/1, -, 1.5190 (22°), 60; 6-NO₂, 2-NCO, 120-3°/1, 75°, 1.5425 (55°), 50; 2,6-(NCO)₂ 123-6°/2, 52-3°, 1.5517 (55°), 89; 2,5(NCO)₂, 125-6°/2, 46-7°, 1.5394 (55°), 65; 3,5-(NCO)₂, 110-12°/2, -, -, 81. The p-tolyl-, benzoyl-, phenylureas, and some of the methyl- and ethylurethans were prepared 2,3-Diamino-p-cymene (15 g.) in 300 ml. o-Cl₂C₆H₄ treated with COCl₂ several hrs., the mixture distilled, and cooled yielded 2-hydroxy-4-methyl-7-isopropylbenzimidazole, m. 260-1°, which with PCl₅ yielded the 2-Cl derivative, m. 237-8°.

IT **124143-33-5**, Urea, 1,1'-[2-isopropyl-5-methyl-p-phenylene]bis[3-benzoyl- **124143-34-6**, Urea, 1,1'-(5-isopropyl-2-methyl-m-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- **124514-32-5**, Urea, 1,1'-[2-isopropyl-5-methyl-m-phenylene]bis[3-benzoyl-
(preparation of)

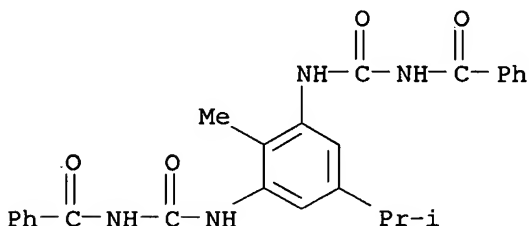
RN 124143-33-5 CAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-(2-isopropyl-5-methyl-p-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



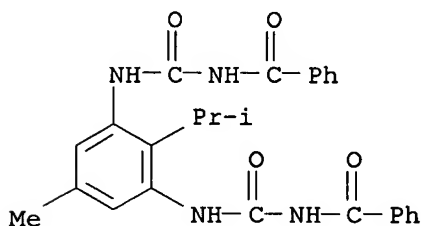
RN 124143-34-6 CAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-(5-isopropyl-2-methyl-m-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 124514-32-5 CAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-(2-isopropyl-5-methyl-m-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> s 14 not 15

L6 4 L4 NOT L5

=> dis 16 1-4 bib abs

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2005:980048 CAPLUS

DN 143:359432

TI Acyl Ureas as Human Liver Glycogen Phosphorylase Inhibitors for the Treatment of Type 2 Diabetes

AU Klabunde, Thomas; Wendt, K. Ulrich; Kadereit, Dieter; Brachvogel, Volker; Burger, Hans-Joerg; Herling, Andreas W.; Oikonomakos, Nikos G.; Kosmopoulou, Magda N.; Schmoll, Dieter; Sarubbi, Edoardo; Von Roedern, Erich; Schoenafinger, Karl; Defossa, Elisabeth

CS Scientific and Medical Affairs, Sanofi-Aventis Deutschland GmbH, Frankfurt am Main, D-65926, Germany

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005), 48(20), 6178-6193
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Using a focused screening approach, acyl ureas have been discovered as a new class of inhibitors of human liver glycogen phosphorylase (hLGPa). The x-ray structure of screening hit 1 (IC₅₀ = 2 μM) in a complex with rabbit muscle glycogen phosphorylase b reveals that 1 binds at the AMP site, the main allosteric effector site of the dimeric enzyme. A first cycle of chemical optimization supported by x-ray structural data yielded derivative 21, which inhibited hLGPa with an IC₅₀ of 23±1 nM, but showed only moderate cellular activity in isolated rat hepatocytes (IC₅₀ = 6.2 μM). Further optimization was guided by (i) a 3D pharmacophore model that was derived from a training set of 24 compds. and revealed the key chemical features for the biol. activity and (ii) the 1.9 Å crystal structure of 21 in complex with hLGPa. A second set of compds. was synthesized and led to 42 with improved cellular activity (hLGPa IC₅₀ = 53±1 nM; hepatocyte IC₅₀ = 380 nM). Administration of 42 to anesthetized Wistar rats caused a significant reduction of the glucagon-induced hyperglycemic peak. These findings are consistent with the inhibition of hepatic glycogenolysis and support the use of acyl ureas for the treatment of type 2 diabetes.

RE.CNT 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2004:432244 CAPLUS

DN 142:155632

TI Synthesis of novel bis-benzoylphenylurea chitin inhibitors

AU Lin, Jun; Yang, Li-juan; Yan, Sheng-jiao; Li, Jun-feng; Liu, Fu-chu

CS Department of Applied Chemistry, Yunnan University, Kunming, 650091, Peop. Rep. China

SO Hecheng Huaxue (2004), 12(2), 117-119

CODEN: HEHUE2; ISSN: 1005-1511

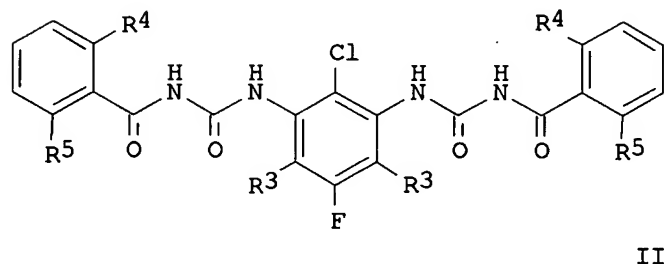
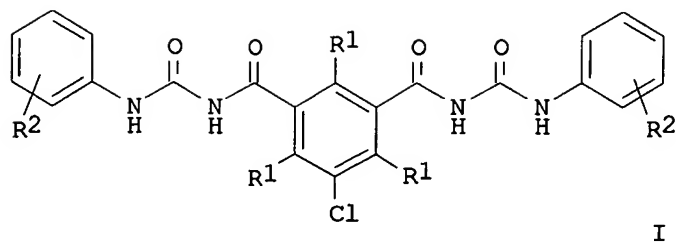
PB Hecheng Huaxue Bianjibu

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 142:155632

GI



AB Twelve novel bis-benzoylphenylurea chitin inhibitor derivs., I (R1 = Cl, F; R2 = 4-Cl, 2-Cl, 4-Br) and II (R3 = H, CN, R4 = R5 = F, Cl; R3 = H, CN, R4 = Cl, R5 = H), have been synthesized in over 30 .apprx. 50% yield from chlorothalonil via sequential fluorine exchange, nitrile hydrolysis, decarboxylation and acylation reactions.

RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2004:60456 CAPLUS

DN 140:128158

TI Preparation of N-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]benzamides as glycogenphosphorylase-A inhibitors for the treatment of diabetes

IN Defossa, Elisabeth; Kadereit, Dieter; Klabunde, Thomas; Burger, Hans-Joerg; Herling, Andreas; Wendt, Karl-Ulrich; Von Roedern, Erich; Schoenafinger, Karl

PA Aventis Pharma Deutschland GmbH, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

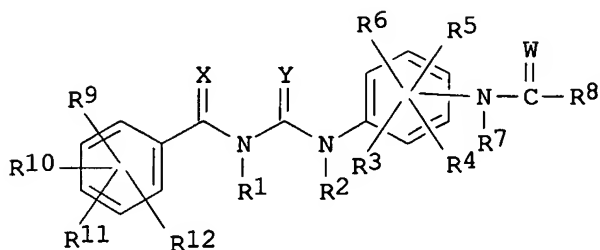
DT Patent

LA German

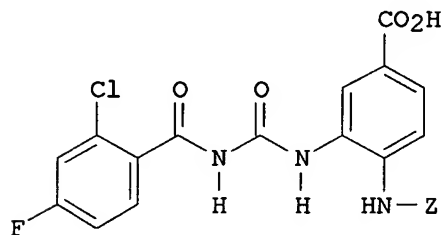
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004007437	A1	20040122	WO 2003-EP6934	20030630
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	RW:				
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FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 CA 2493373 AA 20040122 CA 2003-2493373 20030630
 BR 2003012593 A 20050412 BR 2003-12593 20030630
 EP 1523471 A1 20050420 EP 2003-740386 20030630
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
 JP 2005532402 T2 20051027 JP 2004-520438 20030630
 US 2004087659 A1 20040506 US 2003-616959 20030711
 PRAI DE 2002-10231371 A 20020711
 US 2002-425600P P 20021112
 WO 2003-EP6934 W 20030630
 OS MARPAT 140:128158
 GI



I



II

AB Title compds. I [W, X, Y = O, S; R9, R10, R11, R12 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R1, R2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R3, R4, R5, R6 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R7 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, e.g., OR13, NR14R15, etc.; R8 = NR18R19, OR20; R13 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R14, R15 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R18, R19 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R20 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared. For example, condensation of benzamine II (Z = H), e.g., prepared from 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzamide in 2-steps, and carbonochloridic acid Me ester afforded benzamide II (Z = COMe) in 55% yield. In glycogenphosphorylase-A (GPa) inhibition assays, 23-examples of compds. I, at 10 μ M, exhibited 48-100% inhibition of GPa activity, e.g., benzamide II (Z = COMe) displayed 53% enzyme inhibition. Compds. I were claimed useful as antidiabetic agents.

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 2003:790618 CAPLUS
 DN 140:339042

TI Synthesis and activities of aroyl(aryloxyacetyl) aryldithiourea derivatives as plant growth regulators

AU Wu, Wei-lin; Ye, Wen-fa; Du, Zi-xiu; Wang, Yan-gang

CS Huaihua Medical College, Huaihua, 418000, Peop. Rep. China
SO Hecheng Huaxue (2003), 11(4), 310-314
CODEN: HEHUE2; ISSN: 1005-1511
PB Hecheng Huaxue Bianjibu
DT Journal
LA Chinese
OS CASREACT 140:339042
AB By the use of solid-liquid phase transfer catalyst, 15 title compds. with diacylthiourea structure were synthesized from substituted aryloxyacetic acid or aromatic acid and aromatic diamine. For example, reaction of 3-MeC₆H₄CONCS, prepared from 3-methylbenzoic acid, with p-phenylenediamine gave 83% N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-methylbenzamide]. The test of their biol. activities shows that most compds. have good plant growth regulating activities and a few of them are more active than indoleacetic acid.

=> log y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
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